UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

\square	QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECT	TON 13 OR	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG	E ACT OF 1934			
	For the c	quarterly peri	od ended December 31, 2016				
	TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECT	ION 13 OR 1	5(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE	E ACT OF 1934			
	For the transi	tion period fi	rom to				
	C	ommission F	ile Number: 000-54878				
			H GROUP CORPORATION trant as specified in its charter)				
	Delaware		33-066	52986			
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Id	dentification No.)			
	302, 6 Butler Street Camberwell, VIC, 3124 Australia (Address of principal executive offices)						
	(Registra		93 9882 6723 e number, including area code)				
during	e by check mark whether the registrant (1) I the past 12 months (or for such shorter perior equirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☑ No	d that the reg					
Data F	e by check mark whether the registrant has s file required to be submitted and posted put- ing 12 months (or for such shorter period that	rsuant to Ru	le 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.4	405 of this chapter) during the			
compa	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.						
Non-ac	accelerated filer ccelerated filer		Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company				
(Do no	t check if a smaller reporting company)						
Indicat	e by check mark whether the registrant is a sh	ell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange	e Act). Yes □ No ☑			
	e the number of shares outstanding of each of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share,			est practicable date 914,482,130			

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION

Quarterly Report On Form 10-Q For The Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2016

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The following unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Propanc Health Group Corporation are included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q:

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Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2016 (unaudited) and June 30, 2016	4
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and six months ended December 31,	
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3	

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Dag	ember 31, 2016	T	une 30, 2016
				une 30, 2010
A COPIETO	((unaudited)		
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CUDDENIT ACCETC.				
CURRENT ASSETS:	¢.	42.010	¢.	121.070
Cash	\$	42,918	\$	121,070
GST tax receivable		10,368		29,355
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		69,252		210,122
Prepaid rent - related party		-		2,220
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		122,538		362,767
Security deposit		-		1,628
Security deposit - related party		2,159		2,220
Property and equipment, net		11,141		12,527
		_		_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	135,838	\$	379,142
	<u> </u>			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
<u> LIADILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	441,769	¢	250,403
Accounts payable - related parties	Φ	76,435	Ф	119,690
		,		137,487
Accrued expenses and other payables Convertible notes and related accrued interest, net of discount and premiums		323,901		1,202,523
		1,824,170		
Loans payable		2,159		2,220
Embedded conversion option liabilities		1,100,368		994,343
Warrant derivative liability		19,543		55,839
Due to directors - related parties		33,008		33,943
Loans from directors and officer - related parties		53,258		54,767
Employee benefit liability		101,879	_	93,220
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,976,490		2,944,435
Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 7)				
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:				
Series A preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 500,000 and 500,000				
shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, respectively				- 000
		5,000		5,000
Series B preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 5 shares authorized; 1 and 1 share issued and				
outstanding as of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, respectively		-		-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 867,281,734 and				
728,616,312 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016,				
respectively		867,282		728,617
Additional paid-in capital		30,137,809		26,945,849
Accumulated other comprehensive income		388,162		131,264
Accumulated deficit		(35,238,905)		(30,376,023)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		(3,840,652)		(2,565,293)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$	135,838	\$	379,142
	<u> </u>	155,050	Ψ	377,112

The accompanying unaudited condensed notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

	Th	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended		ed D	d December 31,	
	_	2016		2015		2016		2015
REVENUE								
Revenue	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Administration expenses		1,735,893		996,129		2,740,396		1,845,108
Occupancy expenses		5,991		4,889		14,588		9,827
Research and development		167,202		142,803		328,399		296,277
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,909,086		1,143,821		3,083,383		2,151,212
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(1,909,086)		(1,143,821)		(3,083,383)		(2,151,212)
		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Interest expense		(1,255,627)		(1,155,645)		(1,727,014)		(1,574,289)
Interest income		5		-		13		2,027
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities		(38,980)		(1,347,743)		330,393		(551,890)
Gain (loss) on debt settlements, net		(131,902)		(58,893)		(131,557)		(58,893)
Foreign currency transaction gain (loss)		(425,323)		72,035		(251,334)		(138,704)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		(1,851,827)		(2,490,246)		(1,779,499)		(2,321,749)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(3,760,913)		(3,634,067)		(4,862,882)		(4,472,961)
INCOME TAX BENEFIT		_		72,000		-		72,000
NET LOSS		(3,760,913)		(3,562,067)		(4,862,882)		(4,400,961)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)								
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)		481,717		(146,551)		256,898		111,879
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		481,717		(146,551)		256,898		111,879
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(3,279,196)	\$	(3,708,618)	\$	(4,605,984)	\$	(4,289,082)
	_	(5,2,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,	Ť	(2), 23,223,	Ť	(1,000,000	_	(1,202,002)
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER SHARE	\$	(0.00)	Ф	(0.01)	¢	(0.01)	¢	(0.01)
DASIC AND DIECTED NET EOSSTER SHARE	Ф	(0.00)	Ф	(0.01))	(0.01)	Ф	(0.01)
BACIC AND DITHERD WEIGHTED AVERAGE								
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE								
SHARES OUTSTANDING		831,755,755		399,822,354		799,533,647		375,025,485
	_	501,100,100	_	277,022,001	_	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	2,0,020,100

The accompanying unaudited condensed notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED (unaudited)

	Six Months Ended December		ecember 31,
		2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net loss	\$	(4,862,882) \$	(4,400,961)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:	Ψ	(1,002,002)	(1,100,501)
Issuance and amortization of common stock for services		437,235	1,122,322
Issuance of convertible promissory notes for services		250,000	-
Warrant modification expense		23,495	-
Loss (gain) on settlement		131,900	58,893
Foreign currency transaction loss		251,334	(20,509)
Depreciation expense		1,091	340
Amortization of debt discount		1,371,171	1,224,235
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities		(330,393)	551,890
Stock option expense		989,285	-
Accretion of put premium		319,103	755,927
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
GST receivable		19,047	4,296
Prepaid expenses and other assets		-	(343,259)
Prepaid expenses and other assets - related parties		2,262	- (110 205)
Accounts payable		85,790	(118,305)
Accounts payable - related parties		80,089	12 447
Employee benefit liability		11,765	12,447
Payment for security deposit		1,659	(224.790)
Accrued expenses Accrued interest		199,295	(324,789)
Accrued interest		14,126	(10,005)
Other		<u>-</u>	(744)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(1,004,628)	(1,488,222)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			>
Purchase of equipment		<u> </u>	(676)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u>-</u>	(676)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Loan repayments to principal stockholder		_	(21,500)
Loan repayments Loan repayments		<u> </u>	(23,852)
Proceeds from convertible promissory notes		495,000	2,977,500
Repayments of convertible promissory notes		-	(463,976)
Proceeds from the exercise of warrants		464,285	(103,570)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		959,285	2,468,172
THE CASH THO VIDES BY THANKS HOLD THE TIME		757,265	2,400,172
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(32,809)	81,217
NET WORK OF SECTION OF SECTION		(50.450)	1.060.404
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(78,152)	1,060,491
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		121,070	107,627
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$	42,918 \$	1,168,118
	Ψ	12,710 ψ	1,100,110
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information			
Cash paid during the period:			
Interest	\$	- \$	-
Income Tax	\$	- \$	-
	<u> </u>		_
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities			
Prepaid common stock issued for services	¢	¢	107 522
•	\$	- \$	187,532
Cancellation of shares for convertible note payable	\$	112,500 \$	
Reduction of put premium related to conversions of convertible note	\$	89,591 \$	636,348
Conversion of convertible notes and accrued interest to common stock	\$	577,984 \$	1,762,430
Discounts related to warrants issued with convertible debenture	\$	910,178 \$	1,619,075
	Ψ	, 10,170 W	-,017,013

1,005,925

The accompanying unaudited condensed notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Propanc PTY LTD was incorporated in Melbourne, Victoria Australia on October 15, 2007, and is based in Camberwell, Victoria Australia. Since inception, substantially all of the efforts of the Company have been the development of new cancer treatments targeting high risk patients who need a follow up, nontoxic, long term therapy which prevents the cancer from returning and spreading. The Company anticipates establishing global markets for its technologies. Our lead product candidate, which we refer to as PRP, is an enhanced proenzyme formulation designed to enhance the anti-cancer effects of multiple enzymes acting synergistically. It is currently in the preclinical phase of development.

On November 23, 2010, Propanc Health Group Corporation (the "Company," "we," "us," "our") was incorporated in the state of Delaware. In January 2011, to reorganize the Company, Propanc Health Group Corporation acquired all of the outstanding shares of Propanc PTY LTD on a one-for-one basis making it a wholly-owned subsidiary.

Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and reclassifications and non-recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly our results of operations for the three and six months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 and cash flows for the six months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 and our financial position as of December 31, 2016 have been made. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year.

Certain information and disclosures normally included in the notes to the annual audited consolidated financial statements have been condensed or omitted from these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The June 30, 2016 balance sheet is derived from those statements.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Propanc Health Group Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Propanc PTY LTD. All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the estimates of useful lives for depreciation, valuation of derivatives, valuation of beneficial conversion features on convertible debt, allowance for uncollectable receivables, valuation of equity based instruments issued for other than cash, the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets and foreign currency translation due to certain average exchange rates applied in lieu of spot rates on transaction dates.

Foreign Currency Translation and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The Company's functional currency is the Australian dollar (AUD). For financial reporting purposes, the Australian dollar has been translated into United States dollars (\$) and/or (USD) as the reporting currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the reporting period. Equity transactions are translated at each historical transaction date spot rate. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of stockholders' equity (deficit) as "accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)." Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss as other income (expense). There have been no significant fluctuations in the exchange rate for the conversion of Australian dollars to USD after the balance sheet date.

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) for all periods presented includes only foreign currency translation gains (losses).

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the consolidated balance sheet date with any transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency included in the consolidated results of operations as incurred.

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the exchange rates used to translate amounts in Australian dollars into USD for the purposes of preparing the unaudited consolidated financial statements were as follows:

	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
Exchange rate on balance sheet dates		
USD : AUD exchange rate	0.7197	0.7401
Average exchange rate for the period		
USD : AUD exchange rate	0.7541	0.7282

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component during the six months ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Foreign
	Currency
	Items:
Beginning balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 131,264
Foreign currency translation gain	256,898
Ending balance, December 31, 2016	\$ 388,162

Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures its financial assets and liabilities in accordance with US GAAP. For certain of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities. Amounts recorded for loans payable, also approximate fair value because current interest rates available to us for debt with similar terms and maturities are substantially the same.

(unaudited)

The Company adopted accounting guidance for fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or liquidity. This standard defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value and requires certain disclosures. This standard does not require any new fair value measurements but rather applies to all other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. This guidance does not apply to measurements related to share-based payments. This guidance discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow), and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). The guidance utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into six broad levels. The following is a brief description of those six levels:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore developed using estimates and assumptions developed by us, which reflect those that a market participant would use.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks, short-term deposits with an original maturity of six months or less with financial institutions, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reflected as a current liability on the balance sheets. There were no cash equivalents as of December 31, 2016 or June 30, 2016.

Patents

Patents are stated at cost and reclassified to intangible assets and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated future periods if and once the patent has been granted by a regulatory agency. However, the Company will expense any product costs as long as we are in the startup stage. Accordingly, as the Company's products were and are not currently approved for market, all patent costs incurred from 2013 through 2016 were expensed immediately. This practice of expensing patent costs immediately ends when a product receives market authorization from a government regulatory agency.

The Company has filed six patent applications relating to its lead product, PRP. The first application was filed in October 2010 in each of the countries listed in the table below. This application has been granted and remains in force in Australia, Japan, Indonesia, Israel, New Zealand, Singapore and South Africa. In the United States, the application has been allowed by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office but has not yet been issued pending the payment of the issue fee. In Brazil, Canada, China, Europe, Malaysia, Mexico and South Korea, the patent application remains under examination.

In 2016 and early 2017 we filed five other patent applications, as indicated below. Two applications were filed in Spain, where one is currently under examination, and one was filed in the United States. Two others were filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (the "PCT"). The PCT assists applicants in seeking patent protection by filing one international patent application under the PCT, applicants can simultaneously seek protection for an invention in over 150 countries. Once filed, the application is placed under the control of the national or regional patent offices, as applicable, in what is called the national phase.

(unaudited)

No.	Title	Country	Case Status	Date Filed
1.	A pharmaceutical composition for treating cancer comprising trypsinogen and/or chymotrypsinogen and an active agent selected from a selenium compound, a vanilloid compound and a cytoplasmic reduction agent.	Australia, Japan, Indonesia, Israel, New Zealand, Singapore and South Africa Brazil, Canada, China, Europe, Malaysia, Mexico, Republic of Korea, USA	Granted Under Examination	Oct-22-2010
2.	Proenzyme composition	PCT	Application filed and pending	Nov-11-2016
3.	Compositions and their use for manufacturing a medicament for treating cancer	Spain	Application filed and pending	Dec-22-2016
4.	Compositions and their use for manufacturing a medicament for treating cancer	Spain	Under examination	Jan-29-2016
5.	Cancer Treatment	PCT	Application filed and pending	Jan-27-2017
6.	Composition of proenzymes for cancer treatment	USA	Application filed and pending	Apr-12-2016

Further patent applications are expected to be filed to capture and protect additional patentable subject matter based on the Company's field of technology relating to pharmaceutical compositions of proenzymes for treating cancer.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with ASC 360-10, "Long-lived assets," which include property and equipment and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fair value is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable.

Australian Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and balance sheet items are recognized net of the amount of GST except payable and receivable balances which are shown inclusive of GST. The GST incurred is payable on revenues to, and recoverable on purchases from, the Australian Taxation Office.

Cash flows are presented in the statements of cash flow on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company was owed \$10,368 and \$29,355, respectively, from the Australian Taxation Office. These amounts were fully collected subsequent to the balance sheet reporting dates.

<u>Derivative Instruments</u>

ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging" ("ASC Topic 815"), establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities by requiring that all derivatives be recognized in the balance sheet and measured at fair value. Gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in earnings or recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) depending on the purpose of the derivatives and whether they qualify and have been designated for hedge accounting treatment. The Company does not have any derivative instruments for which it has applied hedge accounting treatment.

Convertible Notes With Variable Conversion Options

The Company has entered into convertible notes, some of which contain variable conversion options, whereby the outstanding principal and accrued interest may be converted, by the holder, into common shares at a fixed discount to the price of the common stock at the time of conversion. The Company treats these convertible notes as stock settled debt under ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity" and measures the fair value of the notes at the time of issuance, which is the result of the share price discount at the time of conversion, and records the put premium as accretion to interest expense to the date of first conversion.

Income Taxes

The Company is governed by Australia and United States income tax laws, which are administered by the Australian Taxation Office and the United States Internal Revenue Service, respectively. The Company follows Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") ASC 740 when accounting for income taxes, which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company adopted provisions of ASC 740, Sections 25 through 60, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." These sections provide detailed guidance for the financial statement recognition, measurement and disclosure of uncertain tax positions recognized in the financial statements. Tax positions must meet a "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold at the effective date to be recognized upon the adoption of ASC 740 and in subsequent periods.

Research and Development Costs and Tax Credits

In accordance with ASC 730-10, "Research and Development-Overall," research and development costs are expensed when incurred. Total research and development costs for the six months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were \$328,399 and \$296,277, respectively.

The Company may apply for research and development tax concessions with the Australian Taxation Office on an annual basis. Although the amount is possible to estimate at year end, the Australian Taxation Office may reject or materially alter the claim amount. Accordingly, the Company does not recognize the benefit of the claim amount until cash receipt since collectability is not certain until such time. The tax concession is a refundable credit. If the Company has net income then the Company can receive the credit which reduces its income tax liability. If the Company has net losses, then the Company may still receive a cash payment for the credit, however, the Company's net operating loss carryforwards are reduced by the gross equivalent loss that would produce the credit amount when the income tax rate is applied to that gross amount. The concession is recognized as an income tax benefit, in operations, upon receipt.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company records stock based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718, "Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718") and Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 ("SAB 107") Share Based Payment issued by the SEC in March 2005 regarding its interpretation of ASC 718. ASC 718 requires the fair value of all stock-based employee compensation awarded to employees to be recorded as an expense over the related requisite service period. The Company values employee and non-employee stock based compensation at fair value using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

The Company accounts for non-employee share-based awards in accordance with the measurement and recognition criteria of ASC 505-50 "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees."

Revenue Recognition

In accordance with SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, *Revenue Recognition*, (codified in ASC 605), the Company intends to recognize revenue when (i) persuasive evidence of a customer or distributor arrangement exists or acceptance occurs, (ii) a retailer, distributor or wholesaler receives the goods, (iii) the price is fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability of the sales revenues is reasonably assured. Subject to these criteria, the Company intends to recognize revenue relating to royalties on product sales in the period in which the sale occurs and the royalty term has begun.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Common Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period and, if dilutive, potential common shares outstanding during the period. Potentially dilutive securities consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of common stock equivalents such as stock options, warrants and convertible debt instruments. Potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the computation if their effect is anti-dilutive. As a result, the basic and diluted per share amounts for all periods presented are identical. For the six months ended December 31, 2016, there were 37,379,158 warrants outstanding, 143,000,000 stock options and nine convertible notes payable that are convertible into 362,227,236 common shares, respectively which are considered dilutive securities which were excluded from the computation since the effect is anti-dilutive.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

FASB, Accounting Standard Updates ("ASU") which are not effective until after December 31, 2016 are not expected to have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations. The Company is evaluating or has implemented the following at December 31, 2016:

(unaudited)

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments ("ASU 2016-15"). ASU 2016-15 addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing diversity in practice regarding how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented in the statement of cash flows. The standard provides guidance on the classification of the following items: (1) debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs, (2) settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments, (3) contingent consideration payments made after a business combination, (4) proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims, (5) proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies, (6) distributions received from equity method investments, (7) beneficial interests in securitization transactions, and (8) separately identifiable cash flows. The Company is required to adopt ASU 2016-15 for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2017 on a retrospective basis. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-15.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, "Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting," which amends several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transaction, including income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. These changes become effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017. The Company has not determined the effects of this update on the Company's consolidated financial statements at this time.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases," which will require lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by most leases on the balance sheet. The changes become effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019. Modified retrospective adoption for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, is required with an option to use certain transition relief. The Company has not determined the effects of this update on the Company's consolidated financial statements at this time.

On May 8, 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-08, "Business Combinations (Topic 805) Pushdown Accounting," which conforms the FASB's guidance on pushdown accounting with the SEC's guidance. ASU 2015-08 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. As of December 31, 2016, this ASU has not had a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs," which changes the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements. Under this guidance such costs would be presented as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. As of December 31, 2016, this ASU has not had a material impact on the consolidated balances current presentation.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes," which requires that an entity classify deferred tax assets and liabilities as noncurrent on the balance sheet. Prior to the issuance of the standard, deferred tax assets and liabilities were required to be separated into current and noncurrent amounts on the basis of the classification of the related asset or liability. This ASU is effective for the Company on April 1, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of ASU No. 2015-17 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern (Topic 205-40)", which requires management to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern for each annual and interim reporting period. If substantial doubt exists, additional disclosure is required. This new standard was effective for the Company for the interim period beginning after December 15, 2016 and has revised its disclosures accordingly. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted this new standard as of December 31, 2016.

(unaudited)

NOTE 2 – GOING CONCERN

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with US GAAP, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. For the six months ended December 31, 2016, the Company had no revenues, had a net loss of \$4,862,882 and had net cash used in operations of \$1,004,628. Additionally, as of December 31, 2016, the Company had a working capital deficit, stockholders' deficit and accumulated deficit of \$3,853,952, \$3,840,652 and \$35,238,905, respectively. It is management's opinion that these conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effect on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Successful completion of the Company's development program and, ultimately, the attainment of profitable operations are dependent upon future events, including obtaining adequate financing to fulfill its development activities, acceptance of the Company's International patent applications and achieving a level of sales adequate to support the Company's cost structure. However, there can be no assurances that the Company will be able to secure additional equity investments or achieve an adequate sales level.

NOTE 3 – DUE TO DIRECTORS - RELATED PARTIES

Due to directors - related parties represents unsecured advances made primarily by a former director for operating expenses on behalf of the Company such as intellectual property and formation expenses. The expenses were paid for on behalf of the Company and are due upon demand. The Company is currently not being charged interest under these advances. The total amount owed the former director at December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 is \$33,008 and \$33,943, respectively.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Loans from Directors and Officer - Related Parties

Loans from Directors and Officer at December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 were \$53,258 and \$54,767, respectively. The loans bear no interest and are all past their due date and in default. The Company did not repay any amount on these loans during the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Other Loans from Unrelated Parties

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, other loans from unrelated parties had a balance of \$2,159 and \$2,220, respectively. The Company did not repay any money toward these loans and a foreign currency transaction loss of \$80 was recorded in connection with these loans for the six months ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 5 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES

Convertible notes at December 31, 2016 were as follows:

Convertible notes and debenture	\$ 2,184,694
Unamortized discounts	(735,436)
Accrued interest	12,446
Premium	362,466
Convertible notes, net	\$ 1,824,170

May 2015 Securities Purchase Agreement

On May 19, 2015, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with a third-party lender (the "SPA"). Pursuant to the SPA, on the date of the agreement the Company issued convertible promissory notes to the lender in return for cash. The Company also issued nine convertible promissory notes in the principal amount of \$782,500 (the "Back-End Notes") in exchange for promissory notes from the lender in the same principal amount. The lender could not convert the nine promissory notes until it had redeemed its notes for cash.

On July 14, 2015, the lender redeemed three of its promissory notes totaling \$352,500 and three of the Back-End Notes of the same principal amount it received from the Company automatically became convertible.

On October 14 and October 15, 2015, the lender redeemed the remaining six of its promissory notes totaling \$430,000 and the corresponding Back-End Notes of the same principal amount became convertible.

Through June 30, 2016, the lender converted \$620,000 in principal of the Back-End Notes into an equivalent amount of shares of the Company's common stock. From June 30, 2016 through December 31, 2016, an additional \$109,500 in principal of the Back-End notes was converted. Currently, \$53,000 in principal on these Back-End Notes remains outstanding.

Since the Back-End Notes the Company issued were not convertible until the notes the lender issued were redeemed in cash, the Back-End Notes and accrued interest receivable and payable have been netted for presentation purposes on the accompanying balance sheet.

October 2015 Securities Purchase Agreement and Debenture

On October 28, 2015 (the "Closing Date"), the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement dated as of the Closing Date (the "Purchase Agreement") with Delafield Investments Limited (the "Purchaser" or "Delafield"). The Purchase Agreement provided that, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth therein, the Purchaser would invest \$4,000,000 ("Investment Amount") in exchange for a Convertible Debenture (the "Debenture") in the principal amount of \$4,400,000 (the "Principal Amount") and warrants to purchase an aggregate of 26,190,476 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, for an exercise price of \$0.60 per share for a period of four (4) years from the Closing Date (the "Warrants"). Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, on the Closing Date, the Company issued the Debenture and Warrant to the Purchaser.

Under the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the Purchaser agreed to deliver a promissory note entered into by the Company and Purchaser on September 24, 2015 with a principal amount of \$1,200,000 (the "Prior Note"). The parties further agreed that the Prior Note was deemed cancelled upon the delivery by the Purchaser to the Company and the amount of the Prior Note is included in the Investment Amount under the Purchase Agreement.

Under the terms of the Purchase Agreement and Debenture, \$2,800,000 of the Investment Amount was deposited into a deposit control account and such amount was to remain in the deposit control account pending the achievement of certain milestones by the Company and the satisfaction of certain equity conditions set forth in the Debenture. Additionally, under the Debenture, the Principal Amount would be reduced by \$25,000 if the Company filed a registration statement with the SEC within 30 days following the Closing Date. The Principal Amount would be reduced by an additional \$25,000 if the registration statement was deemed effective within 100 days after the Closing Date. On November 23, 2015, the Company filed a registration statement with the SEC and on December 10, 2015, the registration statement was declared effective. As both of these conditions were met, the Principal amount was reduced by a \$50,000, which was credited to interest expense such that the aggregate principal amount was \$4,350,000.

The Purchase Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants by, among and for the benefit of the parties. The Company also agreed to pay up to \$50,000 of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses incurred by the Purchaser in connection with the transaction. The Purchase Agreement also provides for indemnification of the Purchaser and its affiliates in the event that the Purchaser incurs losses, liabilities, obligations, claims, contingencies, damages, costs and expenses related to a breach by the Company of any of its representations, warranties or covenants under the Purchase Agreement.

(unaudited)

The Debenture has a 10% original issue discount and was originally schedule to mature on October 28, 2016. The Principal Amount of the Debenture accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum based on the \$4,350,000 note agreement with a one year value guarantee of \$217,500, payable quarterly in cash (or if certain conditions are met, in stock at the Company's option) on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1. The Debenture was, prior to the Addendum (as defined below), convertible at any time, in whole or in part, at the Purchaser's option into shares of the Company's Common Stock at a conversion price equal to \$0.042, which is the volume weighted average price ("VWAP") of the Company's Common Stock five days prior to the execution of the Debenture (subject to adjustment) (the "Conversion Price"). At any time after the effective date of the registration statement, the Purchaser has the opportunity to convert up to an aggregate of \$2,090,000 of the Debenture, at one or more conversion dates, into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to the VWAP of the Common Stock over the five (5) trading days prior to such Effective Date. The Purchaser option to convert at such a conversion price expires when the Purchaser converts an aggregate of \$2,090,000 of the Debenture using such conversion price. If the VWAP of the Company Common Stock on any trading day is less than the Conversion Price, the Purchaser may convert at a price per share equal to a twenty percent (20%) discount to the average of the two lowest closing prices during the five trading days prior to the date of conversion. At no time will the Purchaser be entitled to convert any portion of the Debenture to the extent that after such conversion, the Purchaser (together with its affiliates) would beneficially own more than 4.99% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock as of such date. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Company withdrew a principal amount of \$2,800,000 from the deposit control account of which \$269.976 was paid directly as partial payment of a note dated June 4, 2015 and \$33,437 was paid directly to legal fees resulting in net cash proceeds of \$2,496,587 received by the Company. An aggregate total of \$1,955,300 was bifurcated with the embedded conversion option recorded as a derivative liability at fair value (See Note 10). During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Purchaser converted \$2,790,806 of principal and \$108,750 of accrued interest into shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6). During the six months ended December 31, 2016, the holder converted \$350,000 of principal and accrued interest of \$108,750 into shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6). Accrued interest as of December 31, 2016 was \$0. The above conversions relate to additional proceeds received under the note as documented below.

The Debenture includes customary event of default provisions and provides for a default interest rate of 18%. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the Purchaser may convert the Debenture into shares of Common Stock at a price per share equal to a thirty percent (30%) discount to the average volume weighted average price of the shares for the six trading days prior to conversion.

Subject to the conditions set forth in the Debenture, the Company has the right at any time to redeem some or all of the total outstanding amount then remaining under the Debenture in cash at a price equal to 125% of the total amount of the Debenture outstanding on the twentieth (20th) trading date following the date the Company delivers notice of such redemption to the Purchaser.

The Warrants were exercisable in whole or in part, at an initial exercise price per share of \$0.60, subject to adjustment. The exercise price and number of shares of the Company's common stock issuable under the Warrants (the "Warrant Shares") were subject to adjustments for stock dividends, splits, combinations, subsequent rights offerings and pro rata distributions. Any adjustment to the exercise price shall similarly cause the number of warrant shares to be adjusted so that the total value of the Warrants would have increased. In the event that the Warrant Shares were not included in an effective registration statement, the Warrants could be exercised on a cashless basis. The Company calculated the 26,190,476 warrants at relative fair value, which was \$712,110 and amortized to interest expense during the year ended June 30, 2016. These warrants were exercised during the period ending December 31, 2016 (see the "July Letter Agreement" below).

In connection with the execution of the Purchase Agreement, on the Closing Date, the Company and the Purchaser also entered into a registration rights agreement dated as of the Closing Date (the "Registration Rights Agreement"). Pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company has agreed to file an initial registration statement ("Registration Statement") with the SEC to register the resale of the Common Stock into which the Debenture may be converted or the Warrant may be exercised, within 30 days following the Closing Date. The Registration Statement had to be declared effective by the 100th calendar day after the Closing Date, subject to a 20-day extension as requested by the Company and consented to by the Purchaser. On November 23, 2015, the Company filed the Registration Statement with the SEC and on December 10, 2015, the registration statement was declared effective.

If at any time all of the shares of Common Stock underlying the Debenture or the Warrant are not covered by the initial Registration Statement, the Company agreed to file with the SEC one or more additional Registration Statements so as to cover all of the shares of Common Stock underlying the Debenture or the Warrant not covered by such initial Registration Statement, in each case, as soon as practicable, but in no event later than the applicable filing deadline for such additional Registration Statements as provided in the Registration Rights Agreement.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, the Company entered into a Security Agreement dated as of even date therewith with the Purchaser whereby the Company agreed to grant to Purchaser an unconditional and continuing, first priority security interest in all of the assets and property of the Company to secure the prompt payment, performance and discharge in full of all of the Company's obligations under the Debentures, Warrants and the other transaction documents until ten days following such time as the Registration Statement is declared effective by the SEC and the equity conditions set forth in the Debenture are met.

On March 11, 2016, the Company entered into an Addendum (the "Addendum") as discussed below with the Purchaser pursuant to which the Company and the Purchaser agreed to new terms with respect to the Purchase Agreement.

Addendum

Under the Addendum, the Company and the Purchaser agreed that the balance of the deposit control account, after giving effect to the amounts released from such account as of the date of the Addendum, would be released to the Company in two installments as follows: (1) up to \$1,200,000 would be released to the Company upon full execution of the Addendum, which occurred on March 16, 2016, and (2) up to \$375,000 within 60 days of the full execution of the Addendum as long as certain conditions have been met, which occurred on May 19, 2016 ...

The Company and the Purchaser agreed that the new conversion price would be \$0.03; provided that in the event that the volume weighted average price per share on any trading day is less than such conversion price, the conversion price would be adjusted to a price per share that was equal to a 22.5% discount to the lowest trading price of the common stock in the 10 trading days prior to the date of conversion. The Company evaluated this note modification under ASC 470-50-40-10 and concluded that it does not apply since the conversion option is bifurcated and the 10% cash flow test was not met under ASC 470-50.

Under the Addendum, the Purchaser agreed to limit the number of shares of common stock it sells on any trading day to an amount of shares that is less than 25% of the trading volume of the common stock on that same trading day. The Purchaser and the Company may agree otherwise with respect to this trading limitation.

The Company also agreed to reserve an additional 300,000,000 shares for issuance and to file a registration statement on Form S-1 to register shares covering the resale of all of the additional shares of common stock that are issuable upon conversion of the Debenture, as modified by this Addendum. On March 25, 2016, the Company filed a registration statement with the SEC and on April 19, 2016, the registration statement was deemed effective.

The Company and the Purchaser agreed that the October Financing Documents, as applicable, will continue in effect and remain in place, except to the extent modified by the Addendum.

July and August Letter Agreements

On July 1, 2016, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement (the "July Letter Agreement") with the Purchaser, and the parties then entered in a second letter agreement dated August 3, 2016 (the "August Letter Agreement"), pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. Pursuant to the original Purchase Agreement, the Purchaser agreed to invest \$4,000,000 in exchange for an Original Issue Senior Discount Secured Debenture (the "Debenture") and a common stock purchase warrant (the "2015 Warrant") to purchase 26,190,476 shares of the Company's common stock (the "2015 Warrant Shares").

(unaudited)

Under the July Letter Agreement, the Purchaser agreed to exercise the 2015 Warrant with respect to all 26,190,476 shares of common stock underlying the 2015 Warrant. In consideration for the Purchaser's exercise of the 2015 Warrant, the Company agreed to adjust the exercise price from \$0.60 per share to \$0.012 per share. In addition, the Company and the Purchaser agreed to modify the July 1, 2016 "Interest Payment Date" and the October 1, 2016 "Interest Payment Date" as such terms are defined in the Debenture. Pursuant to the July Letter Agreement, the Company may delay the interest payment due on the July 1, 2016 Interest Payment Date by a minimum of 30 calendar days (the "Minimum Extension Date") and up to 60 calendar days, provided that the Purchaser may demand payment any time after the Minimum Extension Date. The Company also may delay the interest payment due on the October 1, 2016 Interest Payment Date to the October 28, 2016 maturity date (the "Maturity Date") unless the Purchaser demands earlier payment; provided however, that if the Purchaser has not demanded payment by October 27, 2016, the Maturity Date will be extended until December 31, 2016 (or such earlier date as the parties mutually agree) and the interest payment that would have been due on the October 1, 2016 will become due on December 31, 2016, unless the Purchaser demands earlier payment.

On July 8, 2016, the 2015 Warrant for 26,190,476 shares was fully exercised at a price of \$0.012 per share for a total of \$314,286, see above. The Company revalued the warrants on the modification date at the new exercise price and recorded an additional expense of approximately \$21,000 related to the incremental increase in value (See Note 6).

Pursuant to the August Letter Agreement, the Maturity Date of the Debenture was extended until February 28, 2017 and will not accrue interest from October 28, 2016 through the Maturity Date (provided that all accrued but unpaid interest prior to October 28, 2016 (the original maturity date) will be due and payable pursuant to the terms of the Debenture).

The Debenture is convertible at any time, in whole or in part, at the Purchaser's option into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to \$0.03 per share; provided that in the event that the volume weighted average price per share on any trading day is less than such conversion price, the conversion price will be adjusted to a price per share that is equal to a 22.5% discount to the lowest trading price of the Common Stock in the 10 trading days prior to the date of conversion. At no time will the Purchaser be entitled to convert any portion of the Debenture to the extent that after such conversion, the Purchaser (together with its affiliates) would beneficially own more than 4.99% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock as of such date.

Warrants

Pursuant to the August Letter Agreement and in consideration for extending the Maturity Date of the Debenture as noted above, the Company issued the Purchaser warrants to purchase up to 240,000,000 shares of Common Stock (the "2016 Warrants"). The 2016 Warrants entitle the holder to purchase (i) up to 200,000,000 shares of Common Stock at exercise prices ranging from \$0.012 to \$0.020 per share (the "Five Month Warrant"), and (ii) up to 40,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share (the "Two Year Warrant"). The Company also agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC, to register for resale the 240,000,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the 2016 Warrants. The Company calculated the 240,000,000 warrants at relative fair value, which was \$910,178 and will be amortized to interest expense over the remaining term of the debenture in accordance with ASC 470-50-40-17. The 2016 Warrants were subsequently cancelled as part of the "December Letter Agreement" (see below.)

The 2016 Warrants were immediately exercisable. On August 18, 2016, the Purchaser notified us of its exercise of 12,500,000 shares of Common Stock under the first tranche of the Five Month Warrant at a purchase price of \$0.012 per share or \$150,000 in the aggregate (See Note 6). These shares were later redeemed by the Company as part of the "December Letter Agreement".

(unaudited)

Pursuant to the Five Month Warrant, if the Volume Weighted Average Price (as defined in the Five Month Warrant, the "VWAP") of the Common Stock for five consecutive days equaled or exceeded the exercise price of any tranche of the Five Month Warrant (each, as applicable, a "Callable Tranche"), and provided that the Company was in compliance with the Call Conditions as defined in the August Letter Agreement, the Company had the right to call on the Purchaser to exercise any warrants under a Callable Tranche up to an aggregate exercise price of \$350,000. The Five Month Warrant generally limited the Company to one such call within a twenty trading day period. However, if the VWAP of the Common Stock for five consecutive trading days was at least 200% of the exercise price of any warrants under a Callable Tranche, the Company could make an additional call for the exercise of additional warrants under such Callable Tranche up to an aggregate exercise price of \$600,000 prior to the passage of the twenty trading day period. If Delafield did not exercise the 2016 Warrants under a Callable Tranche when called by the Company under the terms of the August Letter Agreement, we could, at our option, cancel any or all outstanding warrants under the Five Month Warrant.

The exercise price and number of shares of the Common Stock issuable under the 2016 Warrants were subject to adjustments for stock dividends, splits, combinations and pro rata distributions. Any adjustment to the exercise price could similarly cause the number of shares underlying the 2016 Warrants to be adjusted so that the total value of the 2016 Warrants could have increased.

The Purchaser was subject to a beneficial ownership limitation under the 2016 Warrants such that the Company and the Purchaser would not affect any exercise of the 2016 Warrants that would cause the Purchaser (together with its affiliates) to beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise of the warrant. The Purchaser, upon notice to the Company, could increase or decrease the beneficial ownership limitation, provided that the beneficial ownership limitation may not exceed 9.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise of the warrant.

The Five Month Warrant required us to file a registration statement covering the resale of the shares underlying the warrant within 15 days after August 3, 2016, and to use our commercially reasonable efforts to have the registration statement declared effective by the SEC promptly thereafter and to remain effective for a period of at least twelve months from the date of effectiveness. The initial registration statement was filed on August 19, 2016. In the event that a registration statement registering the resale of the shares underlying the Five Month Warrant was not effective on or before October 15, 2016, or was not maintained effective thereafter, the termination date of the Five Month Warrant would have been extended until such date that the shares were registered for at least a period of 90 days, but in no event later than April 30, 2017.

The Two Year Warrant required us to file a registration statement covering the resale of the shares underlying the warrant within 15 days after August 3, 2016, and to use our commercially reasonable efforts to have the registration statement declared effective by the SEC promptly thereafter and to remain effective for a period of at least six years from the date of effectiveness. The initial registration statement was filed on August 19, 2016 and subsequently withdrawn as described below.

Additional Issuance Debenture

As of September 13, 2016, the Company entered into an Additional Issuance Agreement (the "Additional Issuance Agreement") with the Purchaser pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. Pursuant to the Additional Issuance Agreement, Delafield agreed to loan an additional \$150,000 in exchange for a 5% Original Issue Discount Senior Secured Convertible Debenture of the Company in the principal amount of \$165,000 (the "Additional Issuance Debenture"). An aggregate total of \$199,585 of this note was bifurcated with the embedded conversion option recorded as a derivative liability at fair value (See Note 10). As of December 31, 2016, the Company recorded accrued interest of \$4,125.

(unaudited)

The rights and obligations of the Purchaser and the Company with respect to the Additional Issuance Debenture and the shares of Common Stock issuable under the Additional Issuance Debenture (the "New Underlying Shares") are identical in all respects to the rights and obligations of the Purchaser and the Company with respect to the Debenture and the shares of Common Stock issued and issuable thereunder, except that the Purchaser will not receive any registration rights with respect to the New Underlying Shares and except as otherwise noted in the governing documents.

The Additional Issuance Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants by, among and for the benefit of the parties. We also agreed to pay all reasonable out-of-pocket costs or expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable legal fees and disbursements) incurred or sustained by the Purchaser, in connection with the transaction.

The Additional Issuance Debenture has a 10% original issue discount and matures on September 13, 2017. The principal amount of the Additional Issuance Debenture accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable quarterly in cash (or if certain conditions are met, in stock at the Company's option) on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1. The Additional Issuance Debenture is convertible at any time, in whole or in part, at Delafield's option into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to \$0.03 (subject to adjustment) (the "Conversion Price"). If the volume weighted average price of the Common Stock on any trading day is less than the then-current Conversion Price, the Purchaser may convert at a price per share equal to a twenty two and one half percent (22.5%) discount to the lowest trading price of the Common Stock in the ten trading days prior to the date of conversion.

The Purchaser is subject to the same ownership limitation in connection with the Additional Issuance Debenture as for the 2016 Warrants as described above. The Additional Issuance Debenture includes customary event of default provisions and provides for a default interest rate of 18%. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the Purchaser may convert the Additional Issuance Debenture into shares of Common Stock at a price per share equal to a thirty percent (30%) discount to the average volume weighted average price of the shares for the six trading days prior to conversion.

Subject to the conditions set forth in the Additional Issuance Debenture, we have the right at any time after the earlier of (i) the six month anniversary of the original issuance of the Additional Issuance Debenture or (ii) the date on which the New Underlying Shares are registered pursuant to an effective registration statement, to redeem some or all of the total outstanding amount then remaining under the Additional Issuance Debenture in cash at a price equal to 125% of the total amount of the Additional Issuance Debenture outstanding on the twentieth (20th) trading date following the date the Company delivers notice of such redemption to Delafield.

At the sole election of the Purchaser, in lieu of receiving a cash payment for any principal amounts due on the Additional Issuance Debenture, the Purchaser may use all or any portion of any principal amounts owed to it to exercise outstanding warrants of the Company held by the Purchaser.

The issuance of the Additional Issuance Debenture to the Purchaser under the Additional Issuance Agreement was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to the exemption for transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The Company made this determination based on the representations of the Purchaser that it was acquiring the Additional Issuance Debenture for its own account with no intent to distribute the Additional Issuance Debenture. No general solicitation or general advertising was used in connection with the sale of the Additional Issuance Debenture and the Company had a pre-existing relationship with the Purchaser.

Our obligations under the Additional Issuance Debenture are secured by an unconditional and continuing, first priority security interest in all of the assets and property (as originally stated in the October 2015 agreement) of the Company until ten days following such time as the equity conditions set forth in the Additional Issuance Debenture are met, pursuant to the terms of the existing Security Agreement.

December Letter Agreement

On December 2, 2016, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement (the "December Letter Agreement") with the Purchaser pursuant to which the parties agreed to cancel both the Two Year Warrant to purchase up to 40,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share, and the Five Month Warrant to purchase in five tranches, at exercise prices between \$0.012 and \$0.020 per share, up to 200,000,000 shares of common stock, originally issued to the Purchaser on August 3, 2016.

Pursuant to the December Letter Agreement, the 12,500,000 restricted shares held by the Purchaser pursuant to its August 2016 exercise of such shares under the first tranche of the Five Month Warrant at a purchase price of \$0.012 per share or \$150,000 in the aggregate, were redeemed by the Company at a fair value of \$112,500 upon the issuance and in exchange for an 8% convertible redeemable promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000 (the "Delafield Note"). The Company recorded a \$37,500 loss on settlement related to the cancellation of shares and issuance of the note. The note matures two years from the issuance date at which time any outstanding principal and interest is then due and payable. The Delafield Note is convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to 65% of the average of the three lowest closing bid prices of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events. The Delafield Note may be prepaid at any time at 135% of the principal amount plus any accrued interest. Upon an event of default, principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable and interest will accrue at a default interest rate of 18% per annum or the highest rate of interest permitted by law. This convertible notes is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is recording an \$80,769 put premium. As of December 31, 2016, the Company recorded accrued interest of \$986.

In addition, the Company issued the Purchaser a two-year common stock purchase warrant to purchase 26,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share (the "New Warrant"). The exercise price and number of shares of Common Stock issuable under the New Warrant are subject to adjustments for certain reclassifications, subdivision or combination of shares. The New Warrant is being treated as a modification of an existing warrant under ASC 718-20-35-3 and has determined that since the valuation of the New Warrant does not exceed the value of the 2016 Warrants, the Company will continue to amortize the remainder of the \$910,178 value of the 2016 Warrant. The total principal amount outstanding under the above October 2015 SPA, related addendum, July and August letter agreements, additional issuance debenture and December letter agreement was \$1,524,194 as of December 31, 2016.

October 31, 2016 Securities Purchase Agreement

On October 31, 2016, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Eagle Equities, LLC ("Eagle Equities"), pursuant to which Eagle Equities purchased two 8% convertible redeemable junior subordinated promissory notes, each in the principal amount of \$100,000. The first note (the "First Note") was funded with cash and the second note (the "Eagle Back-End Note") was initially paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued by Eagle Equities to the Company (the "Note Receivable"). The terms of the Eagle Back-End Note require cash funding prior to any conversion thereunder. The Note Receivable is due June 30, 2017, unless certain conditions are not met, in which case both the Eagle Back-End Note and the Note Receivable may both be cancelled. Both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note have a maturity date one year from the date of issuance upon which any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable. The amounts cash funded plus accrued interest under both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note are convertible into common stock at a conversion price equal to 60% of the lowest closing bid price of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events. This convertible notes is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is recording a \$66,667 put premium. The Company has recorded \$1,359 of accrued interest as of December 31, 2016. Total principal outstanding as of December 31, 2016 was \$100,000.

The First Note may be prepaid with certain penalties within 180 days of issuance. The Eagle Back-End Note may not be prepaid. However, in the event the First Note is redeemed within the first six months of issuance, the Eagle Back-End Note will be deemed cancelled and of no further effect.

The Eagle Back-End Note will not be cash funded and such note, along with the Note Receivable, will be immediately cancelled if the shares do not maintain a minimum trading price during the five days prior to such funding and a certain aggregate dollar trading volume during such period. Upon an event of default, principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable under the notes. Additionally, upon an event of default, both notes will accrue interest at a default interest rate of 24% per annum or the highest rate of interest permitted by law. Further, certain events of default may trigger penalty and liquidated damage provisions.

Since the Eagle Back-End Note is not convertible until the Note Receivable is paid, and the Note Receivable and Eagle Back-End Note have a right of setoff, the Note Receivable and Eagle Back-End Note and related accrued interest receivable and payable will be netted for purposes of presentation on the balance sheet.

November 2016 Consulting Agreement

On November 18, 2016 (the "Effective Date"), the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Regal Consulting. As compensation for services rendered, the Company is to issue two \$250,000 convertible junior subordinated promissory notes. Both notes have a two year maturity date and interest of 10% per annum. The first promissory note is considered to be fully earned upon execution of the agreement and the second note is considered fully earned 90 days after the Effective Date of the agreement unless the agreement is terminated. Both notes are junior and subordinate in all respects to the existing debt of the Company pursuant to that certain 5% Original Issue Discount Senior Secured Convertible Debenture with an original issue date of October 28, 2015 and the 5% Original Issue Discount Senior Secured Convertible Debenture with an original issue date of September 13, 2016.

The Company issued the first \$250,000 convertible note on November 18, 2016. This note is convertible at a conversion price of the lesser of \$0.01 or 65% of the average of the three lowest 10 trading days prior to the conversion. An aggregate total of \$255,757 of this note was bifurcated with the embedded conversion option recorded as a derivative liability at fair value (See Note 10). As of December 31, 2016, the Company recorded accrued interest of \$3,014 and the entire balance of \$250,000 is outstanding.

December 12, 2016 Securities Purchase Agreement

On December 12, 2016, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, with Eagle Equities, LLC, pursuant to which Eagle Equities purchased two 8% convertible redeemable junior subordinated promissory notes, each in the principal amount of \$100,000. The first note (the "First Note") was funded with cash and the second note (the "Eagle Back-End Note") was initially paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued by Eagle Equities to the Company (the "Note Receivable"). The terms of the Eagle Back-End Note require cash funding prior to any conversion thereunder. The Note Receivable is due December 12, 2017, unless certain conditions are not met, in which case both the Eagle Back-End Note and the Note Receivable may both be cancelled. Both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note have a maturity date one year from the date of issuance upon which any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable. The amounts cash funded plus accrued interest under both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note are convertible into common stock at a conversion price equal to 60% of the lowest closing bid price of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events. This convertible notes is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is recording a \$66,667 put premium. The company has recorded \$438 of accrued interest as of December 31, 2016. Total principal outstanding as of December 31, 2016 was \$100,000.

The First Note may be prepaid with certain penalties within 180 days of issuance. The Eagle Back-End Note may not be prepaid. However, in the event the First Note is redeemed within the first six months of issuance, the Eagle Back-End Note will be deemed cancelled and of no further effect.

The Eagle Back-End Note will not be cash funded and such note, along with the Note Receivable, will be immediately cancelled if the shares do not maintain a minimum trading price during the five days prior to such funding and a certain aggregate dollar trading volume during such period. Upon an event of default, principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable under the notes. Additionally, upon an event of default, both notes will accrue interest at a default interest rate of 24% per annum or the highest rate of interest permitted by law. Further, certain events of default may trigger penalty and liquidated damage provisions.

Since the Eagle Back-End Note is not convertible until the Note Receivable is paid, and the Note Receivable and Eagle Back-End Note have a right of setoff, the Note Receivable and Eagle Back-End Note and related accrued interest receivable and payable will be netted for purposes of presentation on the balance sheet.

December 21, 2016 Securities Purchase Agreement

On December 21, 2016, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Eagle SPA"), with Eagle Equities ("Eagle Equities"), pursuant to which Eagle Equities purchased two 8% convertible redeemable junior subordinated promissory notes, each in the principal amount of \$157,500. The first note (the "First Note") was funded with cash and the second note (the "Eagle Back-End Note") was initially paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued by Eagle Equities to the Company (the "Note Receivable"). The terms of the Eagle Back-End Note require cash funding prior to any conversion thereunder. The Note Receivable is due December 21, 2017, unless certain conditions are not met, in which case both the Eagle Back-End Note and the Note Receivable may both be cancelled. Both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note have a maturity date one year from the date of issuance upon which any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable. The amounts cash funded plus accrued interest under both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note are convertible into common stock at a conversion price equal to 60% of the lowest closing bid price of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events. This convertible notes is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is recording a \$105,000 put premium. The company has recorded \$380 of accrued interest as of December 31, 2016. Total principal outstanding as of December 31, 2016 was \$157,500.

The First Note may be prepaid with certain penalties within 180 days of issuance. The Eagle Back-End Note may not be prepaid. However, in the event the First Note is redeemed within the first six months of issuance, the Eagle Back-End Note will be deemed cancelled and of no further effect.

The Eagle Back-End Note will not be cash funded and such note, along with the Note Receivable, will be immediately cancelled if the shares do not maintain a minimum trading price during the five days prior to such funding and a certain aggregate dollar trading volume during such period. Upon an event of default, principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable under the notes. Additionally, upon an event of default, both notes will accrue interest at a default interest rate of 24% per annum or the highest rate of interest permitted by law. Further, certain events of default may trigger penalty and liquidated damage provisions.

Since the Eagle Back-End Note is not convertible until the Note Receivable is paid, and the Note Receivable and Eagle Back-End Note have a right of setoff, the Note Receivable and Eagle Back-End Note and related accrued interest receivable and payable will be netted for purposes of presentation on the balance sheet.

The Company recorded \$400,000 of debt discounts related to the above note issuances during the six months ended December 31, 2016. The debt discounts are being amortized over the term of the debt. Amortization of all debt discounts for the six months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$1,371,171 and \$961,735, respectively.

NOTE 6 - STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Preferred Stock:

The total number of preferred shares authorized and that may be issued by the Company is 10,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of \$0.01. These preferred shares have no rights to dividends, profit sharing or liquidation preferences.

(unaudited)

Of the total preferred shares authorized, pursuant to the Certificate of Designation filed on December 9, 2014, 500,000 have been designated as Series A preferred stock, with a par value of \$0.01 ("Series A Preferred Stock").

Of the total preferred shares authorized, pursuant to the Certificate of Designation filed on June 16, 2015, up to five shares have been designated as Series B preferred stock, with a par value of \$0.01 ("Series B Preferred Stock"). Each holder of outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock shall be entitled to voting power equivalent to the number of votes equal to the total number of shares of common stock outstanding as of the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote at each meeting of stockholders of the Company and entitled to vote on all matters submitted or required to be submitted to a vote of the stockholders of the Company.

Common Stock:

Shares issued for services

On November 1, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide services over a nine month period. On August 8, 2016, the Board of Directors authorized the issuance of 2,120,000 shares of common stock valued at \$0.015 per share to the consultant. The Company has recorded \$3,495 of consulting expense for the six months ended December 31, 2016 related to this agreement as the majority of the expense was recorded in fiscal 2016.

On January 31, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide services over a five month period in exchange for 9,000,000 shares of common stock. On August 23, 2016, the Board of Directors authorized the issuance of 9,000,000 shares of common stock valued at \$0.0104 per share to the consultant. These services were expensed during the year ended June 30, 2016.

On July 14, 2016, the Company agreed to an addendum with a consultant to two consulting agreements entered into on May 7, 2015 and April 22, 2016, respectively. The Company currently owed the consultant \$60,000 related to the May 7, 2015 agreement for monthly consulting fees and \$100,000 related to the April 22, 2016 agreement, which was comprised of a \$10,000 retainer and \$90,000 for three reports issued by the consultant. The Company has agreed to issue 6,000,000 shares of common stock in consideration of the \$60,000 in outstanding fees related to the May 7, 2015 agreement and an additional 6,000,000 shares in forgiveness of future monthly consulting fees, valued at \$95,400. In addition, the Company has agreed to issue 10,000,000 shares of common stock in consideration for the \$100,000 in outstanding fees related to the April 22, 2016 agreement. The shares were issued on November 4, 2016 and an additional loss on settlement of debt was recorded of \$94,400 based on the fair market value of \$349,800 for 22,000,000 shares on July 14, 2016 (a share price of \$0.0159).

On October 27, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with a third party for professional services over a six month period commencing on October 10, 2016 in exchange for a monthly fee of \$22,500, of which \$10,000 a month is in cash and \$12,500 per month is in shares of common stock. Additionally, the Company acknowledges an existing outstanding balance due of \$20,500 for September services. The Company has recorded \$37,500 of consulting expense related to the shares of common stock for the six months ended December 31, 2016 related to this agreement. These shares have not been issued as of the date of filing.

The Company recorded \$140,841 of expense related to prior share grants for services previously recorded as prepaid expenses at June 30, 2016.

Shares issued for conversion of convertible debt

On August 18, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$32,500 of principal and \$2,885 of interest was converted at \$0.00825 into 4,289,082 shares of common stock.

On August 25, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$54,375 of interest was converted at \$0.011625 into 4,677,420 shares of common stock.

(unaudited)

On September 21, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.010928 into 2,287,702 shares of common stock.

On September 28, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$20,000 of principal was converted at \$0.010928 into 1,830,162 shares of common stock.

On September 30, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$17,500 of principal and \$1,350 of interest was converted at \$0.00781 into 2,413,590 shares of common stock.

On October 4, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.010153 into 2,462,327 shares of common stock.

On October 6, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$1,000 of principal and \$79 of interest was converted at \$0.007095 into 152,034 shares of common stock.

On October 7, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.009455 into 2,644,104 shares of common stock.

On October 7, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$1,000 of principal and \$79 of interest was converted at \$0.00671 into 160,790 shares of common stock.

On October 14, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.009455 into 2,644,104 shares of common stock.

On October 19, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.008138 into 3,072,008 shares of common stock

On October 21, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$50,000 of principal was converted at \$0.00775 into 6,451,613 shares of common stock.

On November 9, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$54,375 of interest was converted at \$0.008293 into 6,556,735 shares of common stock.

On November 21, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$50,000 of principal was converted at \$0.008138 into 6,144,016 shares of common stock.

On December 2, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.007518 into 3,325,353 shares of common stock.

On December 8, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$25,000 of principal was converted at \$0.005193 into 4,814,173 shares of common stock

On December 8, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$36,500 of principal and \$3,368 of interest was converted at \$0.004235 into 9,413,932 shares of common stock.

On December 9, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$1,000 of principal and \$93 of interest was converted at \$0.004235 into 258,019 shares of common stock.

On December 15, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$35,000 of principal was converted at \$0.005193 into 6,739,843 shares of common stock.

On December 16, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$20,000 of principal and \$1,881 of interest was converted at \$0.004235 into 5,166,600 shares of common stock.

On December 23, 2016, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$20,000 of principal was converted at \$0.005193 into 3,851,339 shares of common stock.

Options:

On April 14, 2016 ("Grant Date"), the Board of Directors of the Company, through unanimous written consent, granted 71,500,000 and 71,500,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.03 (market value of the Company's stock on Grant Date), to its CEO and to a director, respectively. 23,833,333 of such stock options vested on April 14, 2016 and expire on April 14, 2021, 23,833,333 of such stock options shall vest on April 14, 2017 (first anniversary of Grant Date) and expire on April 14, 2021 and 23,833,334 of such stock options shall vest on April 14, 2018 (second anniversary of Grant Date) and expire on April 14, 2021. The fair value of each of the 71,500,000 options at Grant Date is \$1,962,440 (aggregate total of \$3,924,880).

The Company expensed \$989,285 for these stock options during the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Warrants:

On July 8, 2016, the 2015 Warrant for 26,190,476 shares was fully exercised at a price of \$0.012 per share for a total of \$314,286 in connection with the July Letter Agreement (See Note 5).

On August 3, 2016, pursuant to the August Letter Agreement, the Company issued 240,000,000 warrants to purchase common stock. 200,000,000 of these warrants have exercise prices ranging from \$0.012 to \$0.020 per share and expire five months from the date of issuance. 40,000,000 of these warrants have an exercise price of \$0.10 per share and expire two years from the date of issuance. These warrants were subsequently cancelled as discussed in Note 5.

On August 18, 2016, pursuant to the August Letter Agreement, 12,500,000 shares were exercised at a price of \$0.012 per share under the first tranche of the Five Month Warrant or \$150,000 in the aggregate. These shares were subsequently cancelled and a loss of \$37,500 was recorded (See Note 5).

On November 9, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement (the "November Agreement") to adjust the exercise price of a warrant, issued September 30, 2013, to purchase 3,000,000 shares of common stock of the Company. Under the terms of the November Agreement, the exercise price for the shares underlying the warrant was reduced to \$0.015 AUD or \$0.0115 USD per share. The November Agreement did not affect the remaining terms of the warrant. The Company recorded an additional expense of \$3,299 AUD related to the repricing.

As of December 31, 2016, there were 240,000,000 warrants cancelled and 37,379,158 warrants outstanding and exercisable with expiration dates commencing December 2018 and continuing through November 2020.

NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGIENCIES

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of the Company's operations in the normal course of business. As of December 31, 2016, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

Operating Agreements

In November 2009, the Company entered into a commercialization agreement whereby the Company agreed to pay royalties of 2% of net revenues. Additionally, the Company agreed to pay 5% of each and every license agreement subscribed for. The contract is cancellable at any time by either party. To date, no amounts are owed under the agreement.

Operating Leases

On May 4, 2016, the Company entered into a new five-year operating lease agreement with a related party with monthly rent of \$3,300 AUD, inclusive of GST (See Note 8).

Future minimum operating lease commitments consisted of the following at December 31, 2016:

Year Ended December 31,	Amo	unt (USD)
2017	\$	28,500
2018	\$	28,500
2019	\$	28,500
2020	\$	28,500
2021	\$	9,500

Rent expense for the six months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were \$14,588 and \$9,827, respectively.

Q-Biologicals Agreement

The Company entered into a Manufacturing Services Agreement (the "MSA") and Quality Assurance Agreement (the "QAA"), each with an effective date of August 12, 2016, with Q-Biologicals NV ("Q-Biologicals"), a contract manufacturing organization located in Belgium. Pursuant to the MSA, Q-Biologicals will produce certain drug substances and product containing certain enzymes at its facility in Belgium. The Company will use these substances and products for development purposes, including but not limited to clinical trials. The MSA contemplates payment to Q-Biologicals pursuant to a pre-determined fee schedule based on the completion of certain milestones that depend on our manufacturing requirements and final batch yield. We anticipate that our payments to Q-Biologicals under the MSA will range between \$2.5 million and \$5.0 million over five years, with the majority of the expenditures occurring during the first two years of the MSA when the finished drug product is manufactured and released for clinical trials, including a pre-payment to Q-Biologicals of \$124,158. The MSA shall continue for a term of six years unless extended by mutual agreement in writing. We can terminate the MSA early for any reason upon the required notice period, however, in such event, the pre-payment paid upon signing the MSA is considered non-refundable. The QAA sets forth the parties respective obligations and responsibilities relating to the manufacturing and testing of the products under the MSA. The agreements with Q-Biologicals contain certain customary representations, warranties and limitations of liabilities, and confidentiality and indemnity obligations. On February 9, 2017, the Company paid \$62,079 of the required pre-payment.

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Since inception, Propanc Health Group Corporation has conducted transactions with directors and director related entities. These transactions included the following:

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company owed a current and former director a total of \$53,258 and \$54,767, respectively, for money loaned to the Company throughout the years. The loan balance owed at December 31, 2016 was not interest bearing (See Note 4).

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company owed its two current directors a total of \$33,008 and \$33,943, respectively, related to expenses paid on behalf of the Company related to corporate startup costs and intellectual property (See Note 4).

(unaudited)

Effective May 5, 2016, we entered into an agreement for the lease of our principal executive offices with North Horizon Pty Ltd., of which Mr. Nathanielsz and his wife are owners and directors. The lease has a five year term and provides for annual rental payments of \$39,600 AUD, which includes \$3,600 of goods and service tax for total payments of \$198,000 AUD during the term of the lease. As of December 31, 2016, total payments of \$171,600 AUD remain on the lease.

Mr. Nathanielsz's wife, Sylvia Nathanielsz, is and has been an employee of ours since October 2015. Mrs. Nathanielsz receives an annual salary of \$53,978 and is entitled to customary benefits.

According to a February 25, 2016 board resolution, James Nathanielsz shall be paid \$4,480.55 AUD, on a monthly basis for the purpose of acquiring and maintaining an automobile. For the six months ended December 31, 2016, a total of \$20,273 in payments have been made with regards to the board resolution.

As per the unanimous written consent of the Board of Directors, on August 15, 2016, James Nathanielsz was granted a \$250,000 bonus for accomplishments obtained while operating as the chief executive officer. As of December 31, 2016, this bonus has not been paid.

During the six months ended December 31, 2016, the Company expensed \$152,289 and had accounts payable of \$57,784 to vendors who are both associated with two of the members of the Scientific Advisory Board of the Company.

During the six months ended December 31, 2016, the Company expensed \$18,304 and had accounts payable of \$16,492 to a vendor who is associated with the Company's chief medical officer.

NOTE 9 – CONCENTRATIONS AND RISKS

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash in banks and financial institutions in Australia. Bank deposits in Australian banks are uninsured. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts through December 31, 2016.

Receivable Concentration

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company's receivables were 100% related to reimbursements on GST taxes paid.

Patent and Patent Concentration

Patents are stated at cost and reclassified to intangible assets and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated future periods if and once the patent has been granted by a regulatory agency. However, the Company will expense any product costs as long as we are in the startup stage. Accordingly, as the Company's products were and are not currently approved for market, all patent costs incurred from 2013 through 2016 were expensed immediately. This practice of expensing patent costs immediately ends when a product receives market authorization from a government regulatory agency.

The Company has filed six patent applications relating to its lead product, PRP. This application has been granted and remains in force in Australia, Japan, Indonesia, Israel, New Zealand, Singapore and South Africa. In the United States, the application has been allowed by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office but has not yet been issued pending the payment of the issue fee. In Brazil, Canada, China, Europe, Malaysia, Mexico and South Korea, the patent application remains under examination.

In 2016 and early 2017 we filed five other patent applications. Two applications were filed in Spain, where one is currently under examination, and one was filed in the United States. Two others were filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (the "PCT"). The PCT assists applicants in seeking patent protection by filing one international patent application under the PCT, applicants can simultaneously seek protection for an invention in over 150 countries. Once filed, the application is placed under the control of the national or regional patent offices, as applicable, in what is called the national phase.

Further patent applications are expected to be filed to capture and protect additional patentable subject matter based on the Company's field of technology relating to pharmaceutical compositions of proenzymes for treating cancer.

Foreign Operations

As of December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016, the Company's operations are based in Australia.

On July 22, 2016, the Company formed a wholly owned subsidiary, Propanc (UK) Limited under the laws of England and Wales for the purpose of submitting an orphan drug application to the European Medicines Agency as a small and medium-sized enterprise. As of December 31, 2016, there has been no activity within this entity.

NOTE 10 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS and FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Derivative Financial Instruments:

The Company applies the provisions of ASC Topic 815-40, *Contracts in Entity's Own Equity* ("ASC Topic 815-40"), under which convertible instruments and warrants, which contain terms that protect holders from declines in the stock price (reset provisions), may not be exempt from derivative accounting treatment. As a result, warrants and embedded conversion options in convertible debt are recorded as a liability and are revalued at fair value at each reporting date. If the fair value of the warrants exceeds the face value of the related debt, the excess is recorded as change in fair value in operations on the issuance date. The Company has 3,000,000 warrants and \$1,624,194 of convertible debt, which are treated as a derivative instruments outstanding at December 31, 2016.

The Company calculates the estimated fair values of the liabilities for derivative instruments using the Black Scholes ("BSM") option pricing model. Along with the below BSM value, the Company also computed the fair value using the Monte-Carlo model noting no material difference between the valuations. The closing price of the Company's common stock at December 31, 2016 was \$0.0086. Volatility, expected remaining term and risk free interest rates used to estimate the fair value of derivative liabilities at December 31, 2016, are indicated in the table that follows. The volatility was based on historical volatility at December 31, 2016, the expected term is equal to the remaining term of the warrants and the risk free rate is based upon rates for treasury securities with the same term.

Warrants

	December 31, 2016
Volatility	174%
Expected remaining term (in years)	1.75
Risk-free interest rate	1.2%
Expected dividend yield	None
30	

Convertible Debt

	Initial Valuations (on new derivative instruments entered into during the six months ended December 31, 2016)	December 31, 2016		
Volatility	135% - 261%	126.7% – 247.77%		
Expected Remaining Term (in years)	1.00 - 2.00	.16 - 1.88		
Risk Free Interest Rate	.63% - 1.07%	0.85% - 1.2%		
Expected dividend yield	None	None		

Fair Value Measurements:

The Company measures and reports at fair value the liability for derivative instruments. The fair value liabilities for price adjustable warrants and embedded conversion options have been recorded as determined utilizing the BSM option pricing model. The following tables summarize the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2016:

	Balance at ecember 31, 2016	_	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	τ _	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Embedded conversion option liabilities	\$ 1,100,368	\$	_	\$ _	\$	1,100,368
Fair value of liability for warrant derivative						
instruments	\$ 19,543	\$	_	\$ _	\$	19,543
Total	\$ 1,119,911	\$		\$ 	\$	1,119,911

The following is a roll forward for the six months ended December 31, 2016 of the fair value liability of price adjustable derivative instruments:

		Fair Value of Liability for Derivative Instruments		
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$	1,050,182		
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes		122		
Initial fair value of embedded conversion option derivative liability recorded as debt discount		400,000		
Initial fair value of embedded conversion option derivative liability recorded as change in fair value of embedded				
conversion option		55,342		
Change in fair value included in statements of operations		(385,735)		
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	1,119,911		

(unaudited)

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 30, 2017, Propanc Health Group Corporation (the "Company") entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Eagle SPA") dated as of January 27, 2017, with Eagle Equities, LLC ("Eagle Equities"), pursuant to which Eagle Equities purchased two 8% convertible redeemable junior subordinated promissory notes, each in the principal amount of \$230,000. The first note (the "First Note") was funded with cash and the second note (the "Eagle Back-End Note") was initially paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued by Eagle Equities to the Company (the "Note Receivable"). The terms of the Eagle Back-End Note require cash funding prior to any conversion thereunder. The Note Receivable is due September 27, 2017, unless certain conditions are not met, in which case both the Eagle Back-End Note and the Note Receivable may both be cancelled. Both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note have a maturity date one year from the date of issuance upon which any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable. The amounts cash funded plus accrued interest under both the First Note and the Eagle Back-End Note are convertible into common stock, par value \$0.001 (the "Common Stock"), of the Company at a conversion price equal to 60% of the lowest closing bid price of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events.

The First Note may be prepaid with certain penalties within 180 days of issuance. The Eagle Back-End Note may not be prepaid. However, in the event the First Note is redeemed within the first six months of issuance, the Eagle Back-End Note will be deemed cancelled and of no further effect.

The Eagle Back-End Note will not be cash funded and such note, along with the Note Receivable, will be immediately cancelled if the shares do not maintain a minimum trading price during the five days prior to such funding and a certain aggregate dollar trading volume during such period. Upon an event of default, principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable under the notes. Additionally, upon an event of default, both notes will accrue interest at a default interest rate of 24% per annum or the highest rate of interest permitted by law. Further, certain events of default may trigger penalty and liquidated damage provisions.

Conversions

On January 10, 2017, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$16,500 of principal and \$1,645 of interest was converted at \$0.004675 into 3,881,386 shares of common stock.

On January 11, 2017, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$136,400 of principal was converted at \$0.006278 into 21,726,665 shares of common stock.

On January 19, 2017, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$36,500 of principal and \$3,712 of interest was converted at \$0.004675 into 8,601,497 shares of common stock.

On January 20, 2017, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$31,500 of principal was converted at \$0.006278 into 5,017,522 shares of common

On January 25, 2017, pursuant to a conversion notice, \$55,000 of principal was converted at \$0.006898 into 7,973,326 shares of common stock.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The information set forth in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") contains certain statements that are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "PSLRA"). Such statements may include, among others (i) expected changes in Propanc Health Group Corporation's (referred to herein as the "Company," "Propanc," "we," "our," "ours" and "us") revenues and profitability, (ii) prospective business opportunities and (iii) our strategy for financing our business. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of terms such as "may," "will," "estimate," "continue," "plan," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," or "expect" and other similar words. The ultimate correctness of these forward-looking statements is dependent upon a number of known and unknown risks and events and is subject to various uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these statements.

The following important factors, among others, could affect future results and events, causing those results and events to differ materially from those views expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements: our ability to successfully remediate material weaknesses in our internal controls; our ability to reach research and development milestones as planned and within proposed budgets; our ability to control costs; our ability to successfully implement our expansion strategies; our ability to obtain adequate new financing; our ability to successfully develop and market our technologies; our ability to obtain and maintain patent protection; our ability to recruit employees and directors with accounting and finance expertise; our dependence on third parties for services; our dependence on key executives; the impact of government regulations, including FDA regulations; the impact of any future litigation; the availability of capital and other economic, business and competitive factors.

All forward-looking statements included in this report are made only as of the date of this report or as indicated. We undertake no obligation to update or correct these forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in factors or assumptions affecting forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

You should read the following MD&A in conjunction with the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes attached hereto, and the other financial data appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report as well as the information under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Notwithstanding the above, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, expressly states that the safe harbor for forward looking statements does not apply to companies that issue penny stocks. Accordingly, the safe harbor for forward looking statements under the PSLRA is not currently available to the Company because we are an issuer of penny stock.

US Dollars are denoted herein by "USD," "\$" and "dollars."

Overview

Propanc PTY Ltd., was incorporated in Melbourne, Victoria Australia on October 15, 2007, and is based in Camberwell, Victoria Australia.

On November 23, 2010, Propanc Health Group Corporation (the "Company," "we," "us," "our") was incorporated in the state of Delaware. In January 2011, Propanc Health Group Corporation acquired all of the outstanding shares of Propanc PTY Ltd. on a one-for-one basis making it a wholly-owned subsidiary.

We are a development healthcare company that is currently focused on developing new cancer treatments for patients suffering from pancreatic, ovarian and colorectal cancer. Together with our scientific and oncology consultants, we have developed a rational, composite formulation of anti-cancer compounds, which together exert a number of effects designed to control or prevent tumors from recurring and spreading through the body. Our leading products are variations upon our novel formulation and involve or employ pro-enzymes, which are inactive precursors of enzymes. As a result of positive early indications of the anti-cancer effects of our technology, we intend to submit our pro-enzyme treatment to the rigorous, formal non-clinical and clinical development and trial processes required to obtain the regulatory approval necessary to commercialize it and any product(s) derived and/or to be derived therefrom.

In the near term, we intend to target patients with limited remaining therapeutic options for the treatment of solid tumors such as colorectal, ovarian or pancreatic tumors. In the future, we intend to develop our lead product to treat early stage cancer and pre-cancerous diseases and as a preventative measure for patients at risk of developing cancer based on genetic screening.

We have generated no revenue, have no cancer treatment products available to market and have no products which have reached the clinical trial stage. We require substantial additional financing to develop our products.

Recent Developments

Delafield Financing

On October 28, 2015, we entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), with Delafield Investments Limited ("Delafield"), that provided for the investment of \$4,000,000 (the "Investment Amount") in exchange for a Convertible Debenture (the "Debenture") in the principal amount of \$4,400,000 and warrant (the "2015 Warrant") to purchase an aggregate of 26,190,476 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share (the "Common Stock"), for an exercise price of \$0.012 per share for a period of four years from such date. We and Delafield have since modified the terms of the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement pursuant to an addendum dated March 11, 2016 (the "Addendum"), a letter agreement dated July 1, 2016 (the "July Letter Agreement"), and a letter agreement dated December 2, 2016 (the "December Letter Agreement"). The descriptions of the Debenture and the 2015 Warrant, the 2016 Warrants and the Delafield Note below reflect the terms of such agreements under the Purchase Agreement as modified by the Addendum, the July Letter Agreement the August Letter Agreement and the December Letter Agreement.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, we filed a registration statement on Form S-1 on November 23, 2015, deemed effective on December 10, 2015, pursuant to which we registered for resale an aggregate of 98,404,985 shares of Common Stock consisting of: (i) 72,214,509 shares underlying the Debenture; and (ii) 26,190,476 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the 2015 Warrant (the "November Registration Statement").

Under the terms of the Debenture, we received a reduction in the principal amount of the financing of (i) \$25,000 upon the Company's filing of the November 2015 Registration Statement within the time period specified and (ii) \$25,000 upon the effectiveness of the November Registration Statement within the time period specified. The current aggregate principal amount was adjusted to \$4,350,000 upon the date of the November Registration Statement and \$1,514,194 as of December 31, 2016 (the "Principal Amount") was outstanding. Any references to the "principal amount" or the defined term "Principal Amount" used in this registration statement shall refer to the reduced Principal Amount as described herein.

Pursuant to the Addendum, on March 24, 2016, we filed a registration statement on Form S-1, deemed effective on April 18, 2016, to register for resale up to 171,000,000 additional shares of Common Stock underlying the Debenture.

Debenture

The Debenture has a 10% original issue discount. The Principal Amount of the Debenture accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable quarterly in cash (or if certain conditions are met, in stock at the Company's option) on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1. Pursuant to the July Letter Agreement, the Company and Delafield agreed to modify the July 1, 2016 "Interest Payment Date" and the October 1, 2016 "Interest Payment Date" as such terms are defined in the Debenture. Pursuant to the July Letter Agreement, the Company may delay the interest payment due on the July 1, 2016 Interest Payment Date by a minimum of 30 calendar days (the "Minimum Extension Date") and up to 60 calendar days, provided that Delafield may demand payment any time after the Minimum Extension Date. The Company also may delay the interest payment due on the October 1, 2016 Interest Payment Date to the Maturity Date unless Delafield demands earlier payment.

Pursuant to the August Letter Agreement, the maturity date of the Debenture was extended until February 28, 2017 (the "Maturity Date") and will not accrue interest from October 28, 2016 through the Maturity Date (provided that all accrued but unpaid interest prior to October 28, 2016 (the original maturity date) shall be due and payable pursuant to the terms of the Debenture).

The Debenture is convertible at any time, in whole or in part, at Delafield's option into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to \$0.03 per share; provided that in the event that the volume weighted average price per share on any trading day is less than such conversion price, the conversion price will be adjusted to a price per share that is equal to a 22.5% discount to the lowest trading price of the Common Stock in the 10 trading days prior to the date of conversion. At no time will Delafield be entitled to convert any portion of the Debenture to the extent that after such conversion, Delafield (together with its affiliates) would beneficially own more than 4.99% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock as of such date.

2015 Warrant

Pursuant to the July Letter Agreement, Delafield agreed to exercise the 2015 Warrant with respect to all 26,190,476 shares of Common Stock underlying the 2015 Warrant. In consideration of such exercise, the Company agreed to adjust the exercise price from \$0.60 per share to \$0.012 per share, for an aggregate exercise price of \$314,286.

2016 Warrants

Pursuant to the August Letter Agreement and in consideration for extending the Maturity Date of the Debenture, we issued to Delafield warrants to purchase up to 240,000,000 shares of Common Stock (the "2016 Warrants"). The 2016 Warrants entitled the holder thereof to purchase (i) up to 200,000,000 shares of Common Stock at exercise prices ranging from \$0.012 to \$0.020 per share (the "Five Month Warrant"), and (ii) up to 40,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share (the "Two Year Warrant"). We also agreed to file a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), to register for resale the 240,000,000 shares of Common Stock underlying the 2016 Warrants.

The 2016 Warrants were immediately exercisable. On August 18, 2016, Delafield notified us of its exercise of 12,500,000 shares of Common Stock under the first tranche of the Five Month Warrant at a purchase price of \$0.012 per share or \$150,000 in the aggregate.

Pursuant to the Five Month Warrant, if the volume weighted average price (as defined in the Five Month Warrant, the "VWAP") of the Common Stock for five consecutive days equals or exceeds the exercise price of any tranche of the Five Month Warrant (each, as applicable, a "Callable Tranche"), and provided that the Company is in compliance with the Call Conditions as defined in the August Letter Agreement, the Company has the right to call on Delafield to exercise any warrants under a Callable Tranche up to an aggregate exercise price of \$350,000. The Five Month Warrant generally limited the Company to one such call within a twenty trading day period. However, if the VWAP of the Common Stock for five consecutive trading days is at least 200% of the exercise price of any warrants under a Callable Tranche, the Company may make an additional call for the exercise of additional warrants under such Callable Tranche up to an aggregate exercise price of \$600,000 prior to the passage of the twenty trading day period. If Delafield did not exercise the 2016 Warrants under a Callable Tranche when called by the Company under the terms of the August Letter Agreement, we could, at our option, cancel any or all outstanding warrants under the Five Month Warrant.

The exercise price and number of shares of the Common Stock issuable under the 2016 Warrants were subject to adjustments for stock dividends, splits, combinations and pro rata distributions. Any adjustment to the exercise price shall similarly cause the number of shares underlying the 2016 Warrants to be adjusted so that the total value of the 2016 Warrants may increase.

Delafield was subject to a beneficial ownership limitation under the 2016 Warrants such that the Company and Delafield could not affect any exercise of the 2016 Warrants that would cause Delafield (together with its affiliates) to beneficially own in excess of 4.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise of the warrant. Delafield, upon notice to the Company, may increase or decrease the beneficial ownership limitation, provided that the beneficial ownership limitation may not exceed 9.99% of the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise of the warrant.

The Five Month Warrant and the Two Year Warrant required us to file a registration statement covering the resale of the shares underlying the warrant within 15 days after August 3, 2016, and to use our commercially reasonable efforts to have the registration statement declared effective by the SEC promptly thereafter and to remain effective for a period of at least six years from the date of effectiveness.

We filed a registration statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 19, 2016 but this registration statement was never declared effective and was withdrawn on December 12, 2016. On December 2, 2016, the Company entered into the December Letter Agreement with Delafield pursuant to which the parties agreed to cancel the Two Year Warrant and the Five Month Warrant. The 12,500,000 restricted shares held by Delafield pursuant to its exercise of the first tranche of the Five Month Warrant were redeemed by us upon the issuance and in exchange for an 8% convertible redeemable promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000 (the "Delafield Note"). The Delafield Note matures two years from the issuance date at which time any outstanding principal and interest is then due and payable. The Delafield Note is convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to 65% of the average of the three lowest closing bid prices of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events. The Note may be prepaid at any time at 135% of the principal amount plus any accrued interest. Upon an event of default, principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable and interest will accrue at a default interest rate of 18% per annum or the highest rate of interest permitted by law.

In addition, the Company issued Delafield a two-year common stock purchase warrant to purchase 26,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share (the "New Warrant"). The exercise price and number of shares of Common Stock issuable under the New Warrant are subject to adjustments for certain reclassifications, subdivision or combination of shares.

Additional Issuance Debenture

As of September 13, 2016, we entered into an Additional Issuance Agreement (the "Additional Issuance Agreement") with Delafield pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. Pursuant to the Additional Issuance Agreement, Delafield agreed to loan an additional \$150,000 in exchange for a 5% Original Issue Discount Senior Secured Convertible Debenture of the Company in the principal amount of \$165,000 (the "Additional Issuance Debenture"). The rights and obligations of Delafield and us with respect to the Additional Issuance Debenture and the shares of Common Stock issuable under the Additional Issuance Debenture (the "New Underlying Shares") are identical in all respects to the rights and obligations of Delafield and of the Company with respect to the Debenture and the shares of Common Stock issued and issuable thereunder, except that Delafield will not receive any registration rights with respect to the New Underlying Shares and except as otherwise noted in the governing documents.

The Additional Issuance Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants by, among and for the benefit of the parties. We also agreed to pay all reasonable out-of-pocket costs or expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable legal fees and disbursements) incurred or sustained by Delafield, in connection with the transaction.

The Additional Issuance Debenture has a 10% original issue discount and matures on September 13, 2017. The principal amount of the Additional Issuance Debenture accrues interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable quarterly in cash (or if certain conditions are met, in stock at the Company's option) on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1. The Additional Issuance Debenture is convertible at any time, in whole or in part, at Delafield's option into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to \$0.03 (subject to adjustment) (the "Conversion Price"). If the volume weighted average price of the Common Stock on any trading day is less than the then-current Conversion Price, Delafield may convert at a price per share equal to a twenty two and one half percent (22.5%) discount to the lowest trading price of the Common Stock in the ten trading days prior to the date of conversion.

Delafield is subject to the same ownership limitation in connection with the Additional Issuance Debenture as for the 2016 Warrants as described above. The Additional Issuance Debenture includes customary event of default provisions and provides for a default interest rate of 18%. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, Delafield may convert the Additional Issuance Debenture into shares of Common Stock at a price per share equal to a thirty percent (30%) discount to the average volume weighted average price of the shares for the six trading days prior to conversion. Subject to the conditions set forth in the Additional Issuance Debenture, we have the right at any time after the earlier of (i) the six month anniversary of the original issuance of the Additional Issuance Debenture or (ii) the date on which the New Underlying Shares are registered pursuant to an effective registration statement, to redeem some or all of the total outstanding amount then remaining under the Additional Issuance Debenture in cash at a price equal to 125% of the total amount of the Additional Issuance Debenture outstanding on the twentieth (20th) trading date following the date the Company delivers notice of such redemption to Delafield.

At the sole election of Delafield, in lieu of receiving a cash payment for any principal amounts due on the Additional Issuance Debenture, Delafield may use all or any portion of any principal amounts owed to it to exercise outstanding warrants of the Company held by Delafield.

The issuance of the Additional Issuance Debenture to the Purchaser under the Additional Issuance Agreement was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to the exemption for transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The Company made this determination based on the representations of Delafield that it was acquiring the Additional Issuance Debenture for its own account with no intent to distribute the Additional Issuance Debenture. No general solicitation or general advertising was used in connection with the sale of the Additional Issuance Debenture and the Company had a pre-existing relationship with Delafield.

Our obligations under the Additional Issuance Debenture are secured by an unconditional and continuing, first priority security interest in all of the assets and property of the Company until ten days following such time as the equity conditions set forth in the Additional Issuance Debenture are met, pursuant to the terms of the existing Security Agreement.

Agreement with Q-Biologicals NV

We entered into a Manufacturing Services Agreement (the "MSA") and Quality Assurance Agreement (the "QAA"), each with an effective date of August 12, 2016, with Q-Biologicals NV ("Q-Biologicals"), a contract manufacturing organization located in Belgium. Pursuant to the MSA, Q-Biologicals will produce certain drug substances and product containing certain enzymes at its facility in Belgium. We will use these substances and products for development purposes, including but not limited to clinical trials. The MSA contemplates payment to Q-Biologicals pursuant to a pre-determined fee schedule based on the completion of certain milestones that depend on our manufacturing requirements and final batch yield. We anticipate that our payments to Q-Biologicals under the MSA will range between \$2.5 million and \$5.0 million over five years, with the majority of the expenditures occurring during the first two years of the MSA when the finished drug product is manufactured and released for clinical trials, including a pre-payment to Q-Biologicals of approximately \$144,000, which has yet to be made.

The MSA shall continue for a term of six years unless extended by mutual agreement in writing. We can terminate the MSA early for any reason upon the required notice period, however, in such event, the pre-payment paid upon signing the MSA is considered non-refundable. The QAA sets forth the parties respective obligations and responsibilities relating to the manufacturing and testing of the products under the MSA.

The agreements with Q-Biologicals contain certain customary representations, warranties and limitations of liabilities, and confidentiality and indemnity obligations.

Toxicology Studies

On October 25, 2016 we completed a toxicokinetic study for PRP. The purpose of the study was to evaluate the toxicokinetic parameters of PRP after repeated, daily intravenous tail vein administration in rats and to evaluate distribution and bioavailability of the test articles, both before and after repeat exposure, over a 28-day period.

On December 22, 2016, we commenced a second GLP-compliant toxicity study for PRP. An animal group was administered low dosages intravenously, also over a 28-day period. This study remains ongoing, as we expand our focus to medium and high dosages of PRP, concurrently.

No untoward findings or adverse treatment-related effects have been observed to date. These studies are intended to help us determine a safe starting dose for the clinical trial we intend to apply for in the United Kingdom.

Eagle Equities Financing

On October 31, December 12 and December 21, 2016, we entered into Securities Purchase Agreements with Eagle Equities, LLC ("Eagle Equities"), pursuant to which Eagle Equities purchased six 8% convertible redeemable junior subordinated promissory notes for an aggregate of \$715,000. For additional information regarding these transactions with Eagle Equities, please see the disclosure under Note 5-Convertible Notes.

On January 30, 2017, we entered into another Securities Purchase Agreement with Eagle Equities on substantially the same terms as those we entered into in 2016, pursuant to which Eagle Equities purchased two additional 8% convertible redeemable junior subordinated promissory notes for an aggregate of \$260,000.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Below is a discussion of our more subjective accounting estimation processes for purposes of explaining (i) the methodology used in calculating the estimates, (ii) the inherent uncertainties pertaining to such estimates and (iii) the possible effects of a significant variance in actual experience, from that of the estimate, on the Company's financial condition. Estimates involve numerous assumptions that, if incorrect, could create a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

Foreign Currency Translation and Comprehensive Income (Loss): The Company's functional currency is the AUD. For financial reporting purposes, the AUD has been translated into USD as the reporting currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the reporting period. Equity transactions are translated at each historical transaction date spot rate. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of stockholders' equity (deficit) as "accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)." Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss as other income (expense).

Accounting for Income Taxes: The Company is governed by Australia and United States income tax laws, which are administered by the Australian Taxation Office and the United States Internal Revenue Service, respectively. The Company follows FASB ASC 740 when accounting for income taxes, which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company adopted provisions of ASC 740, Sections 25 through 60, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." These sections provide detailed guidance for the financial statement recognition, measurement and disclosure of uncertain tax positions recognized in the financial statements. Tax positions must meet a "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold at the effective date to be recognized upon the adoption of ASC 740 and in subsequent periods.

Accounting for Stock Based Compensation: The Company records stock based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718, "Stock Compensation" and Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 107 (SAB 107) issued by the SEC in March 2005 regarding its interpretation of ASC 718. ASC 718 requires the fair value of all stock-based employee compensation awarded to employees to be recorded as an expense over the related requisite service period. The statement also requires the recognition of compensation expense for the fair value of any unvested stock option awards outstanding at the date of adoption. The Company values any employee or non-employee stock based compensation at fair value using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

The Company accounts for non-employee share-based awards in accordance with the measurement and recognition criteria of ASC 505-50 "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees."

Derivative Instruments: ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging" ("ASC Topic 815"), establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities by requiring that all derivatives be recognized in the balance sheet and measured at fair value. Gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in earnings or recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) depending on the purpose of the derivatives and whether they qualify and have been designated for hedge accounting treatment. The Company does not have any derivative instruments for which it has applied hedge accounting treatment.

Convertible Notes With Variable Conversion Options: The Company has entered into convertible notes, some of which contain variable conversion options, whereby the outstanding principal and accrued interest may be converted, by the holder, into common shares at a fixed discount to the price of the common stock at the time of conversion. The Company treats these convertible notes as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and measures the fair value of the notes at the time of issuance, which is the result of the share price discount at the time of conversion, and records the put premium as accretion to interest expense to the date of first conversion.

Research and Development Tax Credits: The Company may apply for Research and Development tax concessions with the Australian Taxation Office on an annual basis. Although the amount is possible to estimate at year end, the Australian Taxation Office may reject or materially alter the claim amount. Accordingly, the Company does not recognize the benefit of the claim amount until cash receipt since collectability is not certain until such time. The tax concession is a refundable credit. If the Company has net income then the Company can receive the credit which reduces its income tax liability. If the Company has net losses, then the Company may still receive a cash payment for the credit, however, the Company's net operating loss carry forwards are reduced by the gross equivalent loss that would produce the credit amount when the income tax rate is applied to that gross amount. The concession is recognized as an income tax benefit, in operations, upon receipt.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Reference is made to "Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements" under Note 1 of the Unaudited Condensed Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this report for a discussion of recently issued and adopted accounting pronouncements.

Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. The results discussed below are of the Company and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiary, Propanc Pty I td

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 compared to the Three Months Ended December 31, 2015

Revenue

For the three months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, we generated no revenue because we are currently undertaking research and development activities for market approval and there were no sales generated in this period.

Administration Expense

Administration expenses increased to \$1,735,893 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$996,129 for the three months ended December 31, 2015. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in stock based expenses of approximately \$385,000 and an increase in consulting expense related to business advisory services of approximately \$213,000 during the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2015.

Occupancy Expense

Occupancy expense increased by approximately \$1,102 to \$5,991 for the three months ended December 31, 2016. On May 4, 2016, the Company entered into a new five-year operating lease agreement with a related party with monthly rent of \$3,300 AUD, inclusive of GST. The increase relates to the final payment for the old lease during the quarter and six months of lease expense for the new space during the quarter.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses were \$167,202 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$142,803 for the three months ended December 31, 2015. Research and development expenditures are primarily attributable to completing animal efficacy models on PRP and to completing the manufacturing, production of drug substance and product for preclinical and clinical trials, as well as undertaking formal toxicology studies and non-clinical development.

Interest Expense/Income

Interest expense increased to \$1,255,627 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$1,155,645 for the three months ended December 31, 2015. Interest expense is primarily comprised of \$926,000 debt discount amortization, \$252,000 in accretion of put premium. This increase is primarily attributable to higher amortization of debt discount offset by lower accretion amounts of convertible notes with discounted debt features during the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Change in Fair Value of Derivative Liabilities

Change in fair value of derivative liabilities decreased by \$1,308,763 to \$38,980 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to \$1,347,743 for the three months ended December 31, 2015. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in the issuance of convertible notes with repricing options and variable conversion pricing and a decrease in our stock price during the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Gain (Loss) on Settlement of Debt

Loss on settlement of debt has increased by \$73,009 to \$131,902 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to \$58,893 for the three months ended December 31, 2105. This increase is due to the settlement of two consulting agreements through this issuance of common stock during the three months ended December 31, 2016.

Foreign Currency Transaction Gain (Loss)

Foreign currency transaction gain (loss) decreased to a loss of (\$425,323) for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with a gain of \$72,035 for the three months ended December 31, 2015. The increase in foreign currency transaction gain (loss) is primarily attributable to a stronger US Dollar versus the Australian Dollar and increased operating activities in Australia during the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2015.

Net loss

Net loss increased to \$3,760,913 for the three months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$3,562,067 for the three months ended December 31, 2015. The increase is primarily attributable to a \$765,265 increase in operating expenses as well as the net effect of fluctuations within interest expense/income, changes in fair value of derivative liabilities and foreign currency transactions gains.

For the Six Months Ended December 31, 2016 compared to the Six Months Ended December 31, 2015

Revenue

For the six months ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, we generated no revenue because we are currently undertaking research and development activities for market approval and there were no sales generated in this period.

Administration Expense

Administration expenses increased to \$2,740,396 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$1,845,108 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in stock based expenses of approximately \$511,000 and in increase in consulting expense related to business advisory services of approximately \$198,000 during the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the six months ended December 31, 2015.

Occupancy Expense

Occupancy expense increased by approximately \$4,761 to \$14,588 for the six months ended December 31, 2016. On May 4, 2016, the Company entered into a new five-year operating lease agreement with a related party with monthly rent of \$3,300 AUD, inclusive of GST. The increase relates to the final payment for the old lease during the quarter and six months of lease expense for the new space during the quarter.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses were \$328,399 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$296,277 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. Research and development expenditures are primarily attributable to completing animal efficacy models on PRP and to completing the manufacturing, production of drug substance and product for preclinical and clinical trials, as well as undertaking formal toxicology studies and non-clinical development.

Interest Expense/Income

Interest expense increased to \$1,727,014 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$1,574,289 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. Interest expense is primarily comprised of \$1,371,000 debt discount amortization, \$21,000 in revised warrant valuations and \$252,000 in accretion of put premium. This increase is primarily attributable to higher amortization of debt discount offset by lower accretion amounts of convertible notes with discounted debt features during the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Change in Fair Value of Derivative Liabilities

Change in fair value of derivative liabilities decreased by \$882,283 to a gain of \$330,393 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to a loss of \$551,890 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in the issuance of convertible notes with repricing options and variable conversion pricing and a decrease in our stock price during the six months ended December 31, 2016

Gain (Loss) on Settlement of Debt

Loss on settlement of debt has increased by \$72,664 to a loss of (\$131,557) for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to a loss of (\$58,893) for the six months ended December 31, 2105. This increase is primarily due to the settlement of two consulting agreements through this issuance of common stock during the six months ended December 31, 2016.

Foreign Currency Transaction Gain (Loss)

Foreign currency transaction gain (loss) increased to a loss of 251,334 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with a loss of \$138,704 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. The increase in foreign currency transaction gain (loss) is primarily attributable to a stronger US Dollar versus the Australian Dollar and increased operating activities in Australia during the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the six months ended December 31, 2015.

Net loss

Net loss increased to \$4,862,882 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 as compared with \$4,400,961 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. The increase is primarily attributable to a \$932,171 increase in operating expenses as well as the net effect of fluctuations within interest expense/income, changes in fair value of derivative liabilities and foreign currency transactions gains.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	 December 31,		
	2016		2015
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,004,628)	\$	(1,488,222)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ -	\$	(676)
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 959,285	\$	2,468,172
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	\$ (32,809)	\$	81,217

Net cash used in operations was \$1,004,628 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 compared to \$1,488,222 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. This fluctuation relates to changes in foreign currency transaction gains and losses, and stock option expense paid to an officer and director of approximately \$990,000 offset by fluctuations in changes related to the valuation of new derivative liabilities and the revaluation of existing derivative liabilities and a reduction of common stock issued for services in the six months ending December 31, 2016

Net cash used in investing activities was \$0 for the six months ended December 31, 2016 compared to \$676 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. The Company purchased equipment in the quarter ended December 31, 2015.

Cash flows provided by financing activities for the six months ended December 31, 2016 were \$959,285 compared to \$2,468,172 for the six months ended December 31, 2015. During the six months ended December 31, 2016, we had proceeds from convertible promissory notes of approximately \$495,000 and proceeds from the exercise of warrants of approximately \$464,000. During the six months ended December 31, 2015, we had proceeds from convertible promissory notes of approximately \$2,978,000, offset by repayments of convertible promissory notes of 464,000 and repayments of other loans of approximately \$45,000.

The effect of the exchange rate on cash resulted in a \$32,809 negative adjustment to cash flows in the six months ending December 31, 2016 compared to a positive adjustment of \$81,217 to cash flows in the six months ending December 31, 2015. The reason for the fluctuation is due to the application of translation rates throughout the cash flow statement, the volume of transactions within each period and the daily fluctuation in exchange rates.

We have substantial capital resource requirements and have incurred significant losses since inception. As of December 31, 2016, we had \$42,918 in cash. Based upon our current business plans, we will need considerable cash investments to be successful. Such capital requirements are in excess of what we have in available cash and for which we currently have commitments. We continue to seek various sources of financing. Therefore, we presently do not have enough available cash to meet our obligations over the next twelve months. If we are unable to raise sufficient capital, this may affect our operations and ability to complete ongoing activities in connection with our research and development programs.

Related Party Transactions

Since inception, Propanc Health Group Corporation has conducted transactions with directors and director related entities. During the six months ended December 31, 2016 these transactions included the following:

The Company owes certain directors a total of \$53,258 and \$54,767, respectively, for money loaned to the Company throughout the years.

The Company owed two directors a total of \$33,008 and \$33,943, respectively, related to expenses paid on behalf of the Company related to corporate startup costs and intellectual property.

On May 4, 2016 the Company entered into a five-year operating lease agreement with a related party with monthly rent of \$3,300 AUD, inclusive of GST.

Mr. Nathanielsz's wife, Sylvia Nathanielsz, is and has been an employee of ours since October 2015. Mrs. Nathanielsz receives an annual salary of \$53,978 and is entitled to customary benefits.

Going Concern Qualification

We have incurred significant losses and cash used in operations, and such losses and use of cash are expected to continue. Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm has included a "Going Concern Qualification" in their report for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. In addition, we have negative working capital. The foregoing raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans include seeking additional capital or debt financing. There is no guarantee that additional capital or debt financing will be available when and to the extent required, or that if available, it will be on terms acceptable to us. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The "Going Concern Qualification" might make it substantially more difficult to raise capital.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

With the participation of James Nathanielsz, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer has concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to ensure that (i) information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our principal executive officer and principal financial officer to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Company is undertaking to improve its internal control over financial reporting and improve its disclosure controls and procedures. As of December 31, 2016, we identified the following material weaknesses that still exist through the date of this report:

As of December 31, 2016 and as of the date of filing this report, we did not maintain effective controls over the disclosure control environment. Specifically, the Board does not currently have a director who qualifies as an audit committee financial expert as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K. The Company also lacks accounting personnel with technical knowledge in certain debt and equity transactions. Additionally, because of the size of the Company's administrative staff, controls related to the segregation of certain duties have not been developed and the Company has not been able to adhere to them. Since these entity level programs have a pervasive effect across the organization, management has determined that these circumstances constitute a material weakness.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

To the best of our knowledge, there are no material pending legal proceedings to which we are a party or of which any of our property is the subject.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report of Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2016, as filed with the SEC. These factors could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and capital position, and could cause our actual results to differ materially from our historical results or the results contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this report.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Shares issued for conversion of convertible debt

As discussed in Note 5, in July 2016, the Company agreed to an addendum with a consultant to two consulting agreements entered into on May 7, 2015 and April 22, 2016, respectively, whereby the Company agreed to issue a total of 22,000,000 common shares to the consultant as consideration for outstanding fees owed to the consultant and forgiveness of future consulting fees for which the parties had contracted. The shares were issued on November 4, 2016.

In October 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with a third party for professional services over a six month period in exchange for a monthly fee of \$22,500, of which \$10,000 a month is in cash and \$12,500 per month is in shares of common stock. These shares have not been issued as of the date of filing but the Company is under obligation to issue them.

In the issuances of common stock in exchange for services described above, the Company claimed an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act pursuant to the exemption for transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The Company made this determination based on representations of the acquiror that it was acquiring the securities for its own account with no intent to distribute the securities. No general solicitation or general advertising were used in connection with these issuances.

Shares issued for conversion of debt

As discussed in Note 5, in May 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with a third-party lender pursuant to which, among other things, the Company issued convertible debt to the lender. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, the lender converted the following amounts of principal of the convertible debt into shares of common stock:

On October 6, 2016, it converted \$1,000 of principal and \$79 in interest at \$0.007095 into 152,034 shares of common stock;

On October 7, 2016, it converted \$1,000 of principal and \$79 in interest at \$0.006710 into 160,790 shares of common stock;

On December 8, 2016, it converted \$36,500 of principal and \$3,368.00 in interest at \$0.004235 into 9,413,932 shares of common stock;

On December 9, 2016, it converted \$1,000 of principal and \$93 in interest at \$0.004235 into 258,019 shares of common stock; and

On December 16, 2016, it converted \$20,000 of principal and \$1,881 in interest at \$0.004235 into 5,166,600 shares of common stock.

On December 2, 2016, the Company entered into the December Letter Agreement with Delafield pursuant to which, among other things, the Company issued an 8% convertible redeemable promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000, i.e. the Delafield Note. The Delafield Note matures two years from the issuance date at which time any outstanding principal and interest is then due and payable. The Delafield Note is convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price equal to 65% of the average of the three lowest closing bid prices of the Common Stock for the ten trading days prior to the conversion, subject to adjustment in certain events.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, Delafield converted \$17,500 of principal and \$1,350 of interest at \$0.00781 into 2,413,590 shares of Common Stock.

The shares of common stock issued upon conversion of the convertible debt were sold without registration in reliance on the exemption provided by Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

Warrant issuance

In addition, the Company issued Delafield a two-year common stock purchase warrant to purchase 26,000,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share, i.e. the New Warrant. The exercise price and number of shares of Common Stock issuable under the

New Warrant are subject to adjustments for certain reclassifications, subdivision or combination of shares.
The New Warrant was issued in reliance on the exemption provided by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as described above.
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.
None.
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.
Not Applicable.
Item 5. Other Information.
Not Applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit

Number	Description
4.1	8% Convertible Redeemable Promissory Note due December 2, 2018 issued to Delafield Investments Limited, dated December 2, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 7, 2016.
4.2	Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued to Delafield Investments Limited, dated December 2, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 7, 2016.
4.3	Debenture issued to Delafield, dated September 13, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 16, 2016.
4.4	8% Convertible Redeemable Junior Subordinated Note due October 31, 2017 issued to Eagle Equities, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 10, 2016.
4.5	8% Convertible Redeemable Junior Subordinated Back End Note due October 31, 2017 issued to Eagle Equities, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 10, 2016.
4.6	Collateralized Secured Promissory Back End Note issued to the Company by Eagle Equities, LLC, dated as of October 31, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 10, 2016
4.7	8% Convertible Redeemable Junior Subordinated Note due December 21, 2017 issued to Eagle Equities, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 30, 2016.
4.8	8% Convertible Redeemable Junior Subordinated Back End Note due December 21, 2017 issued to Eagle Equities, LLC, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 30, 2016.
10.1	Letter Agreement by and between the Company and Delafield Investments Limited, dated July 1, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2016.
10.2	Letter Agreement by and between the Company and Delafield Investments Limited, dated August 3, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 4, 2016.
10.3	Additional Issuance Agreement between the Company and Delafield Investments Limited, dated September 13, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 16, 2016.

10.4	Securities Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and Eagle Equities, LLC, dated as of October 31, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 10, 2016.
10.5	Securities Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and Eagle Equities, LLC, dated as of December 21, 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 30, 2016.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION

Date: February 14, 2017 By: /s/James Nathanielsz

Name: James Nathanielsz

Title: Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief

Accounting Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James Nathanielsz, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Propanc Health Group Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 14, 2017

/s/ James Nathanielsz

James Nathanielsz Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Propanc Health Group Corporation, James Nathanielsz, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Propanc Health Group Corporation, certifies, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, that:

- 1. This quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the second quarter ended December 31, 2016 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the second quarter ended December 31, 2016 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Propanc Health Group Corporation.

Date: February 14, 2017

/s/ James Nathanielsz

James Nathanielsz Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to Propanc Health Group Corporation and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.