UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2015**

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ___________ to ___________

Commission File Number: **000-53446**

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	**33-0662986**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Level 13, Suite 1307, 530 Collins Street
Melbourne, VIC, 3000 Australia
(Address of principal executive offices)

61 03 9614 2795
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☑ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☑ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "non-accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☐	Accelerated filer	☐
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	☐	Smaller reporting company	☑

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☑

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. 334,915,794 shares of common stock as of May 15, 2015.

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION

Quarterly Report On Form 10-Q
For The Quarterly Period Ended
MARCH 31, 2015

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The following unaudited interim financial statements of Propanc Health Group Corporation (referred to herein as the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") are included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q:

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2015 (unaudited)	June 30, 2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	$ 168,348	$ 87,799
GST tax receivable	6,332	946
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	134,136	25,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	308,816	113,745
Property and equipment, net	808	-
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 309,624	$ 113,745
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	$ 291,028	$ 332,564
Accounts payable - related party	-	17,440
Accrued expenses and other payables	373,503	422,326
Convertible notes, net	1,138,184	272,424
Loans and notes payable	27,680	33,909
Embedded conversion option liability	101,384	-
Warrant derivative liability	44,966	158,244
Due to directors - related parties	35,264	60,350
Loans from directors and officer - related parties	79,769	161,975
Employee benefit liability	68,817	62,827
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,160,595	1,522,059
Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 7)		
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT:		
Preferred stock, $0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 500,000 and 0 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively	5,000	-
Common stock, $0.001 par value; 10,000,000,000 shares authorized; 332,780,344 and 72,684,767 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively	332,781	72,685
Additional paid-in capital	16,903,399	16,374,781
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	46,933	(302,863)
Accumulated deficit	(19,139,084)	(17,552,917)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	(1,850,971)	(1,408,314)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	$ 309,624	$ 113,745

The accompanying unaudited notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
REVENUE				
Royalty revenue - related party	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration expenses	504,724	101,626	980,637	630,121
Occupancy expenses	2,366	2,689	7,710	8,217
Research and development	9,475	-	15,797	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	516,565	104,315	1,004,144	638,338
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(516,565)	(104,315)	(1,004,144)	(638,338)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest expense	(199,287)	(19,901)	(847,942)	(42,291)
Interest income	13	-	16	-
Other expense	-	-	(50,002)	-
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(42,802)	58,650	79,940	27,016
Gain on debt settlements, net	331,457	-	366,341	-
Foreign currency transaction loss	(27,066)	(1,299)	(209,678)	(6,373)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	62,315	37,450	(661,325)	(21,648)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(454,250)	(66,865)	(1,665,469)	(659,986)
INCOME TAX BENEFIT	-	-	79,302	48,009
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(454,250)	(66,865)	(1,586,167)	(611,977)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	131,659	(47,909)	349,796	(32,741)
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	$ (322,591)	$ (114,774)	$ (1,236,371)	$ (644,718)
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER SHARE	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.01)	$ (0.01)
BASIC AND DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	201,772,426	72,684,768	124,223,579	72,234,522

The accompanying unaudited notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	$ (1,586,167)	$ (611,977)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Issuance of common stock for services and voluntary ratchet	199,727	237,833
Issuance of preferred stock for services	1,067	-
Gain on settlement	(366,341)	-
Settlement fees paid in the form of debt	150,000	-
Amortization of prepaid shares issued for services	-	6,667
Foreign currency transaction loss	77,661	-
Depreciation expense	18	538
Amortization of debt discount	167,535	30,434
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(79,940)	(27,016)
Accretion of put premium	598,103	-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
GST receivable	(5,560)	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	20,644	1,224
Accounts payable	5,322	83,789
Employee benefit liability	17,531	8,725
Accrued expenses	87,818	122,728
Accrued interest	15,041	9,388
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(697,541)	(137,667)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of equipment	(918)	-
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(918)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Bank overdraft	-	(5)
Related party expenses paid on behalf of company	-	67,760
Loan repayments to principal stockholder	(20,000)	(45,511)
Proceeds from convertible promissory notes	675,500	103,959
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for cash	29,000	-
Loan proceeds	-	10,542
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	684,500	136,745
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	94,508	962
NET INCREASE IN CASH	80,549	40
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	87,799	-
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	$ 168,348	$ 40
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid during the period:		
Interest	$ -	$ -
Income Tax	$ -	$ -
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Common stock issued for settlement of debt	$ 152,285	$ -
Prepaid common stock issued for services	$ 134,373	$ 6,667
Reduction of put premium related to conversions of convertible note	$ 37,032	$ -
Conversion of accrued expenses to common stock	$ -	$ 27,500
Conversion of convertible notes and accrued interest to common stock	$ 206,940	$ -
Discounts related to warrants issued with convertible debenture	$ -	$ 133,095
Discounts related to lender costs	$ 48,500	$ -
Conversion of loan payable to common stock	$ -	$ 27,963

Conversion of loan payable to common stock	$ 66,389	$ —

The accompanying unaudited notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2015 and JUNE 30, 2014
(unaudited)

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Propanc Health Group Corporation, formerly Propanc PTY LTD, ("the Company", "we", "us", "our"). Propanc PTY LTD was incorporated in Melbourne, Victoria Australia on October 15, 2007, and is based in Richmond, Victoria Australia. Since inception, substantially all of the efforts of the Company have been the development of new cancer treatments targeting high risk patients who need a follow up, nontoxic, long term therapy which prevents the cancer from returning and spreading. The Company anticipates establishing global markets for its technologies.

On November 23, 2010, Propanc Health Group Corporation was incorporated in the state of Delaware. In January 2011, to reorganize the Company, Propanc Health Group Corporation acquired all of the outstanding shares of Propanc PTY LTD on a one-for-one basis making it a wholly-owned subsidiary.

Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"), and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and reclassifications and non-recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly our results of operations for the three months and nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and cash flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and our financial position as of March 31, 2015 have been made. The results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results to be expected for the full year.

Certain information and disclosures normally included in the notes to the annual audited consolidated financial statements have been condensed or omitted from these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The June 30, 2014 balance sheet is derived from those statements.

Principals of Consolidation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Propanc Health Group Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Propanc PTY LTD. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the estimates of valuation of derivatives, valuation of beneficial conversion features on convertible debt, allowance for uncollectable receivables, valuation of equity based instruments issued for other than cash, the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets and foreign currency translation due to certain average exchange rates applied in lieu of spot rates on transaction dates.

Foreign Currency Translation and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The Company's functional currency is the Australian dollar (AUD). For financial reporting purposes, the Australian dollar has been translated into United States dollars ($) and/or USD as the reporting currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the reporting period. Equity transactions are translated at each historical transaction date spot rate. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of stockholders' equity (deficit) as "accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)." Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss as other income (expense). There have been no significant fluctuations in the exchange rate for the conversion of Australian dollars to USD after the balance sheet date.

Comprehensive loss for all periods presented, includes only foreign currency translation gains (losses).

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 was as follows:

		Foreign Currency Items:
Beginning balance, June 30, 2014	$	(302,863)
Other comprehensive income before reclassification		349,796
Ending balance, March 31, 2015	$	46,933

Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures their financial assets and liabilities in accordance with US GAAP. For certain of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities. Amounts recorded for loans payable, also approximate fair value because current interest rates available to us for debt with similar terms and maturities are substantially the same.

The Company adopted accounting guidance for fair value measurements of financial assets and liabilities. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or liquidity. This standard defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value and requires certain disclosures. This standard does not require any new fair value measurements, but rather applies to all other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. This guidance does not apply to measurements related to share-based payments. This guidance discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow), and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). The guidance utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The following is a brief description of those three levels:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore developed using estimates and assumptions developed by us, which reflect those that a market participant would use.

Derivative Instruments

ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging* ("ASC Topic 815"), establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities by requiring that all derivatives be recognized in the balance sheet and measured at fair value. Gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in earnings or recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) depending on the purpose of the derivatives and whether they qualify and have been designated for hedge accounting treatment. The Company does not have any derivative instruments for which it has applied hedge accounting treatment.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at banks, short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less with financial institutions, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reflected as a current liability on the balance sheets. There were no cash equivalents as of March 31, 2015 or June 30, 2014.

Receivables

As amounts become uncollectible, they will be charged to an allowance and operations in the period when a determination of uncollectability is made. Any estimates of potentially uncollectible customer accounts receivable will be made based on an analysis of individual customer and historical write-off experience. The Company's analysis included the age of the receivable account, creditworthiness of the customer and general economic conditions.

Patents

Patent costs are stated at cost and reclassified to intangible assets and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated future periods if and once the patent has been granted by a regulatory agency, however, the Company will expense any costs as long as the Company is in the startup stage. Accordingly, as the Company's product was and is not currently approved for market, during 2012, the Company wrote-off approximately $27,000 of previously capitalized patent costs related to various applications. Any patent costs incurred from 2013 through 2014 were expensed immediately. Currently, the Company has one International patent pending which was jointly applied for by the Company and another entity.

The Company received grant status in South Africa and more recently in New Zealand. In addition, the United States Patent and Trademark Office or USPTO and European Patent Office or EPO have made preliminary indications that key features of the Company's technology are patentable. The Company is presently working towards securing a patent in each region, covering as many aspects of its technology as possible, whilst also actively seeking protection throughout Eastern Europe, Asia and South America.

Individual countries and regions where the Company is actively seeking patent protection include United States, Canada, Japan, Brazil, China, Mexico, Hong Kong, Singapore, Israel, Chile, Peru, Malaysia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Europe, Russia, India, Australia and South Korea. The patent is granted in South Africa and New Zealand.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with ASC 360-10, Long-lived assets, which include property and equipment and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fair value is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable.

Employee Benefit/Liability

Liabilities arising in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, accumulated sick leave and any other employee benefits expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date are measured at their nominal amounts based on remuneration rates which are expected to be paid when the liability is settled. All other employee benefit liabilities are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. All employee liabilities are owed within the next twelve months and therefore, recorded at nominal value.

Australian Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and balance sheet items are recognized net of the amount of GST except payable and receivable balances which are shown inclusive of GST. The GST incurred is payable on revenues to, and recoverable on purchases from, the Australian Taxation Office.

Cash flows are presented in the statements of cash flow on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 the Company was owed $6,332 and $946 from the Australian Taxation Office. These amounts were fully collected subsequent to the balance sheet reporting dates.

Income Taxes

The Company is governed by Australia and United States income tax laws, which are administered by the Australian Taxation Office and the United States Internal Revenue Service, respectively. The Company follows FASB ASC 740 when accounting for income taxes, which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company adopted provisions of ASC 740, Sections 25 through 60, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." These sections provide detailed guidance for the financial statement recognition, measurement and disclosure of uncertain tax positions recognized in the financial statements. Tax positions must meet a "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold at the effective date to be recognized upon the adoption of ASC 740 and in subsequent periods.

Research and Development Costs and Tax Credits

In accordance with ASC 730-10, research and development costs are expensed when incurred. Total research and development costs for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were $15,797 and $0, respectively.

The Company may apply for research and development tax concessions with the Australian Taxation Office on an annual basis. Although the amount is possible to estimate at year end, the Australian Taxation Office may reject or materially alter the claim amount. Accordingly, the Company does not recognize the benefit of the claim amount until cash receipt since collectability is not certain until such time. The tax concession is a refundable credit. If the Company has net income then the Company can receive the credit which reduces its income tax liability. If the Company has net losses then the Company may still receive a cash payment for the credit, however, the Company's net operating loss carryforwards are reduced by the gross equivalent loss that would produce the credit amount when the income tax rate is applied to that gross amount. The concession is recognized as an income tax benefit, in operations, upon receipt.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company applied for and received from the Australian Taxation Office a research and development tax credit in the amount of $79,302 and $48,009 respectively, which is reflected as an income tax benefit in the accompanying unaudited consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income (loss).

Stock Based Compensation

The Company records stock based compensation in accordance with ASC section 718, "Stock Compensation" and Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 107 (SAB 107) issued by the SEC in March 2005 regarding its interpretation of ASC 718. ASC 718 requires the fair value of all stock-based employee compensation awarded to employees to be recorded as an expense over the related requisite service period. The statement also requires the recognition of compensation expense for the fair value of any unvested stock option awards outstanding at the date of adoption. The Company values any employee or non-employee stock based compensation at fair value using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

The Company accounts for non-employee share-based awards in accordance with the measurement and recognition criteria of ASC 505-50 "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees".

Revenue Recognition

In accordance with SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 104, *Revenue Recognition*, (codified in ASC 605) the Company recognizes revenue when (i) persuasive evidence of a customer or distributor arrangement exists or acceptance occurs, (ii) a retailer, distributor or wholesaler receives the goods, (iii) the price is fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability of the sales revenues is reasonably assured. Subject to these criteria, the Company recognizes revenue relating to royalties on product sales in the period in which the sale occurs and the royalty term has begun.

Start-up Costs

In accordance with ASC 720-15-15, start-up costs are expensed as incurred.

Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Common Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period and, if dilutive, potential common shares outstanding during the period. Potentially dilutive securities consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of common stock equivalents such as stock options and convertible debt instruments. Potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the computation if their effect is anti-dilutive. As a result, the basic and diluted per share amounts for all periods presented are identical. For the three months and nine months ended March 31 2015, there were 3,000,000 warrants outstanding and 17 convertible notes payable that are convertible into 339,370,525 common shares which are considered dilutive securities which were excluded from the computation since the effect is anti-dilutive.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Financial Accounting Standards Board, Accounting Standard Updates which are not effective until after March 31, 2015 are not expected to have a significant effect on the Company's unaudited consolidated financial position or results of operations. The Company implemented the following at March 31, 2015:

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-10, which amended Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 915 Development Stage Entities. The amendment eliminates certain financial reporting requirements surrounding development stage entities, including an amendment to the variable interest entities guidance in ASC Topic 810, Consolidation. The amendment removes the definition of a development stage entity from the ASC, thereby removing the financial reporting distinction between development stage entities and other entities from U.S. GAAP. Consequently, the amendment eliminates the requirements for development stage entities to (1) present inception-to-date information in the statements of income, cash flows and shareholder equity, (2) label the financial statements as those of a development stage entity, (3) disclose a description of the development stage activities in which the entity is engaged, and (4) disclose the first year in which the entity is no longer a development stage entity that in prior years it had been in the development stage.

This amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods therein. Early application of each of the amendments is permitted for any annual reporting period or interim period for which the entity's financial statements have not yet been issued. The Company has made the election to early adopt this amendment effective June 30, 2014 and, as a result, the Company is no longer presenting or disclosing the information previously required under Topic 915. The early adoption was made to reduce data maintenance by removing all incremental financial reporting requirements for development stage entities. The adoption of this amendment alters the disclosure requirements of the Company, but it does not have any material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations for the current or any prior reporting periods.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern (Topic 205-40)", which requires management to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern for each annual and interim reporting period. If substantial doubt exists, additional disclosure is required. This new standard will be effective for the Company for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The Company expects to adopt this new standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and the Company will continue to assess the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 – GOING CONCERN

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with US GAAP, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company had no revenues and had a net loss of $1,586,167 and net cash used in operations of $697,541. Additionally, as of March 31, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficit, stockholders' deficit and accumulated deficit of $1,851,779, $1,850,971, and $19,139,084 respectively. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effect on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Successful completion of the Company's development program and, ultimately, the attainment of profitable operations are dependent upon future events, including obtaining adequate financing to fulfill its development activities, acceptance of the Company's International patent application and achieving a level of sales adequate to support the Company's cost structure. However, there can be no assurances that the Company will be able to secure additional equity investment or achieve an adequate sales level.

NOTE 3 – DUE TO DIRECTORS - RELATED PARTIES

Due to directors - related parties represents unsecured advances made by the directors for operating expenses on behalf of the Company such as intellectual property and formation expenses. The expenses were paid for on behalf of the Company and are due upon demand. The Company is currently not being charged interest under these advances. The total amount owed these directors at March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 is $35,264 and $60,350 respectively. As part of the settlement and stipulation agreement noted in Note 7, the Company reduced this liability by approximately $44,000. On January 30, 2015, as part of the Settlement and Lock-up Agreement, the above agreement was terminated and the Company increased this liability by approximately $44,000. On February 4, 2015, the Company entered into a Debt Settlement Agreement with some of these directors whereby the Company issued shares of common stock as settlement of approximately $14,000 of the balance due to these directors (See Note 4).

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE

<u>Loans from Directors - Related Parties</u>

Loans from Directors and an Officer at March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were $79,769 and $161,975, respectively. The loans beared no interest and were all past their due date and in default. As part of the settlement and stipulation agreement noted in Note 7, the Company reduced this liability by approximately $127,000. On January 30, 2015, as part of the Settlement and Lock-up Agreement, the above agreement was terminated and the Company increased this liability by approximately $109,000. On February 4, 2015, the Company entered into a Debt Settlement Agreement with some of these directors whereby the Company issued 33,259,350 and 17,654,470 shares of common stock as settlement of approximately $27,000 of the balance due to these directors and $14,000 of debt as discussed in Note 3. The Company valued the common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share based on the last private placement purchase price per share for a total value of $127,284 which resulted in the Company recording a loss of $86,455 as a result of these settlements.

Other Loans from Unrelated Parties

In July 2014, the loans and notes payable balance of $33,909 as of June 30, 2014 was removed as part of the settlement and stipulation agreement and consolidated into one loan (See Note 7). On January 30, 2015, as part of the Settlement and Lock-up Agreement, the above agreement was terminated and the Company reclassified the remaining other loans from unrelated parties balance. As of March 31, 2015, the other loans from unrelated parties balance was $27,680.

Debt Settlement to be Paid in Stock, Net of Premium

In July 2014, the Company consolidated outstanding debt and other liabilities as part of a settlement agreement (See Note 7) and was indebted to one unrelated party for approximately $1,033,000 which includes a $50,000 note payable issued as a fee to the lender, a $355,000 premium and $628,000 of principal. On September 11, 2014 and on November 4, 2014, the Company issued 7,426,000 and 8,161,000 shares of common stock as a settlement of a portion of that debt for a total value of $81,396 (See Note 6). On January 30, 2015, as part of the Settlement and Lock-up Agreement with the lender, the above agreement was terminated and the Company reclassified remaining principal outstanding debt and other liabilities of approximately $575,000. In addition, since this agreement was terminated the Company wrote off the remaining premium of approximately $310,000 to gain on debt settlement and the $50,000 note payable issued as a fee and $17,000 premium as a gain on debt settlement.

Notes Payable

On July 18, 2014, the Company paid a $50,000 fee to the investor (See Note 7) in the form of a $50,000 promissory note, non-interest bearing and due January 31, 2015. On January 30, 2015, the Company entered into a Settlement and Lock-up Agreement with a lender whereby the Company issued 10,000,000 shares of common stock as settlement of the $50,000 promissory note issued on July 18, 2014 in connection with an Equity Purchase Agreement of the same date and a $25,000 convertible promissory note issued in connection with a Settlement and Stipulation Agreement dated May 2014 and accrued interest of $1,466. The Company valued the common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share based on the last private placement purchase price per share for a total value of $25,000 which resulted in the Company recording a gain of $51,466 as a result of this settlement.

NOTE 5 – CONVERTIBLE NOTES

Convertible notes at March 31, 2015 were as follows:

Convertible notes and debenture	$	849,000
Unamortized discounts		(122,727)
Accrued interest		7,716
Premium, net		404,195
Convertible notes, net	$	1,138,184

On September 30, 2013 the Company's subsidiary issued a Debenture for $139,680 (AUD $150,000) plus warrants for 3,000,000 common shares of the Company. The Company agreed to pay 12% interest on the principal amount and the maturity date is December 31, 2015. This debenture rolls into it $27,963 of loans outstanding at June 30, 2013, an August 2013 note of $63,196 along with September advances of $46,446 and accrued interest. The debenture is convertible only at the Company's option into common stock at $0.075 AUD per share and is convertible at that same rate by the lender only upon default by the Company, as defined in the debenture. The warrants were determined to be derivative instruments due to the variable exercise price of the warrants which is initially $0.0698 and subject to adjustment if the Company issues shares at a price below the initial exercise price. Accordingly, the fair value of the warrants was determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with a stock price of $0.20, exercise price of $0.075 AUD, volatility of 53% based on the comparative companies method since the Company's stock is very thinly traded, an expected term of 27 months based on the debenture term and a risk free rate of 0.4%. The approximate initial $400,000 value of the warrants was recorded as a derivative liability in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet, along with a debt discount of approximately $140,000 and change in warrant derivative liability of approximately $260,000 as an expense for the three months ended September 30, 2013. (See Note 10 for current period re-measurement) On July 2, 2014, this $139,680 convertible debenture and accrued interest of $15,118 was converted, using the contractual conversion rate of $0.0709 or $0.075 AUD, into 2,183,333 shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6).

On May 8, 2014, the Company issued a 10% convertible promissory note for $25,000 as a prepaid fee for services to be provided under a settlement and stipulation agreement as discussed in Note 7. The note and all accrued interest was due on November 8, 2014 and was in default. The note is convertible immediately at 50% of the lowest closing bid price in the 30 trading days prior to conversion. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $25,000 put premium which was fully expensed during the nine months ended March 31, 2015. On January 30, 2015, this note principal of $25,000 and accrued interest of $1,466 was settled as part of a Settlement and Lock-Up Agreement (See Note 4).

On May 29, 2014, the Company issued a convertible note payable for $75,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is May 29, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $61,364 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted the remaining $50,455 of the put premium resulting in the put premium being fully expensed. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company converted $14,547 of principal and accrued interest of $218 into shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6). Additionally, $61,364 of the put premium was expensed as interest expense and the remaining $60,453 of principal and $4,352 of accrued interest was assigned to a third party.

On May 29, 2014, the Company issued a second convertible note payable for $75,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is May 29, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $61,364 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted the remaining $50,455 of the put premium resulting in the put premium being fully expensed. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company converted $11,755 of principal and accrued interest of $553 into shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6). Additionally, $61,364 of the put premium was expensed as interest expense and the remaining $63,245 of principal and $3,313 of accrued interest was assigned to a third party.

On May 30, 2014, the Company issued a third convertible note payable for $50,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is May 30, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $40,909 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted the remaining $33,864 of the put premium resulting in the put premium being fully expensed. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company converted $50,000 of principal and accrued interest of $3,346 into shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6). Additionally, this conversion resulted in a $40,909 reduction of the put premium. As of March 31, 2015, this note was fully converted.

In addition to each of the above initial convertible promissory notes ("initial convertible notes"), the Company issued to each lender another convertible promissory note for the same amounts of $75,000, $75,000 and $50,000 termed "Back-End Notes". These notes have the same terms as the initial convertible notes. Each Back-End Note shall initially be paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued to the Company by the lender ("Note Receivable") provided that prior to the conversion of the Back-End Notes, the holders must have paid off the Notes Receivable in cash. The Notes Receivable were due on January 30, 2015, unless the Company does not meet the "current public information" requirement pursuant to Rule 144, in which case both the Back-End Notes and the Notes Receivable may both be cancelled. The Notes Receivable are initially secured by the pledge of the Back-End Notes, but may be exchanged for other collateral with an appraised value of at least $50,000, upon Company's approval following a three (3) day written notice to the Company. The term of the Notes Receivable and the Back-End Notes are one year, upon which the outstanding principal and interest is payable. The amounts funded plus accrued interest under Back-End Notes are convertible into common stock at any time after the requisite Rule 144 holding period (subject to the condition above for the Back-End Notes), at a conversion price equal to 55% of the lowest trading bid price in the ten (10) trading days prior to the conversion. The $50,000 Back-End Note was issued as noted below.

In the event the Company redeems the initial convertible notes in full, the Company is required to pay off all principal, interest and any other amounts owing multiplied by i) 130% if prepaid within 60 days of the issuance date; ii) 140% if prepaid 60 but less than 121 days after the issuance date; and (iii) 150% if prepaid 120 but less than 180 days after the issuance date. There shall be no redemption after the 180th day. The Back-End Notes may not be prepaid, except that if the initial convertible notes are redeemed by the Company within six months of their issuance, all obligations of the Company and holders under the Back-End Notes and the Notes Receivable will be deemed satisfied and such notes shall automatically be deemed cancelled and of no further force or effect.

In the event of two specific defaults, which include the maintenance of a minimum trading price and an aggregate dollar trading volume of the Company's common shares, the holders may cancel the Back-End Notes and the related Notes Receivable and otherwise in the event of other defaults as defined in the securities purchase agreement, the amount of principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable and may be offset by amounts due to the Company by the holders. Additionally, the Back-End Notes will bear default interest at a rate of 16% per annum, or the highest rate of interest permitted by law.

Since the Back-End Notes are not convertible until the Notes Receivable are paid and also not for 180 days from the note dates, and the Notes Receivable and Back-End Notes have a right of setoff, the Notes Receivable and Back-End Notes and related accrued interest receivable and payable have been netted for presentation purposes on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

On August 6, 2014 (execution date), the Company executed a convertible promissory note in the principal sum of $250,000, with an original issue discount ("OID") of $25,000. The consideration to be paid to the Lender shall be equal to the consideration actually paid by the Lender plus prorated interest and any other fees that the Company shall be required to pay. The original issue discount shall also be prorated based on the actual consideration received to equal approximately 10% of the consideration received. If the Company repays a consideration payment on or before the first 90 days from the effective date of that payment, the interest rate on that payment of consideration will be 0%. If the Company does not repay a payment on or before the 90 days, the Company will incur a one-time interest charge of 12% on the principal amount of the loan. Upon execution of the note, the note holder made an initial payment of $25,000 (net of a $2,500 OID) to the Company of the total consideration. The maturity date is two years from the date of each payment to the Company, and is the date upon which the principal sum, as well as any unpaid interest and other fees, shall be due and payable. The note is convertible, at the option of the investor, to common stock of the Company at any time after the effective date at the lesser of $0.09 or 60% of the lowest trade price in the 25 trading days prior to the conversion. This note was bifurcated with the embedded conversion option recorded as a derivative liability at fair value (See Note 10). As of March 31, 2015, the Company didn't repay the consideration and therefore incurred a 12% interest charge. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $1,311 and no further funding has been received under the $250,000 note.

On November 17, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $43,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is August 20, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 58% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $31,138 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $23,180 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $1,272.

On December 10, 2014, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $28,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is September 12, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 58% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $20,276 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $12,616 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $687.

On January 26, 2015, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $28,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is October 28, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 58% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $20,276 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $7,322 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $399.

On January 27, 2015, the Company received payment of the Note Receivable of $50,000 that offsets the Back-End Note that was issued on May 30, 2014. Proceeds from the Note Receivable of $7,779, $2,500 and $5,000 were paid directly to the stock transfer agent, legal fees and capital raising fees respectively resulting in net cash proceeds of $34,721 received by the Company. This Back-End Note is related to the initial convertible note that was issued on May 30, 2014 and has the same terms as previously discussed. As a result, the Back-End Note is now eligible for conversion at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $40,909 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $40,909 of the put premium resulting in the put premium being fully expensed. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company converted $50,000 of principal and accrued interest of $609 into shares of the Company's common stock (See Note 6). Additionally, this conversion resulted in a $40,909 reduction of the put premium. As of March 31, 2015, this note was fully converted.

On February 10, 2015, the Company issued a convertible note payable for $45,000 with an OID of $7,500. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is February 10, 2016. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days prior to the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $36,818 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $8,795 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $493.

On February 17, 2015, the Company issued a second convertible note payable for $45,000 with an OID of $7,500. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is February 17, 2016. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days prior to the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $36,818 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $8,795 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $424.

On March 12, 2015, the Company issued a third convertible note payable for $170,500 with an OID of $13,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is March 12, 2016. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time at a rate of 55% of the Company's common stock for the average of the lowest three trading prices in the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company recognized a $139,500 put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $747.

On March 20, 2015, the Company issued a fourth convertible note payable for $150,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is March 20, 2016. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the average of the lowest three trading priced in the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is recording a $122,727 put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $395.

In addition to each of the above initial convertible promissory notes ("initial convertible notes"), the Company issued to each lender another convertible promissory note for the same amounts of $45,000, $45,000, $170,500 and $150,000 termed "Back-End Notes". These notes have the same terms as the initial convertible notes. Each Back-End Note shall initially be paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued to the Company by the lender ("Note Receivable") provided that prior to the conversion of the Back-End Notes, the holders must have paid off the Notes Receivable in cash. Each Note Receivable is due eight months from issuance of each initial convertible note, unless the Company does not meet the "current public information" requirement pursuant to Rule 144, in which case both the Back-End Notes and the Notes Receivable may both be cancelled. Each Note Receivable is initially secured by the pledge of the Back-End Notes, but may be exchanged for other collateral with an appraised value of at least the principal amount of the note less the OID, upon Company's approval following a three (3) day written notice to the Company. The term of the Notes Receivable and the Back-End Notes are one year, upon which the outstanding principal and interest is payable. The amounts funded plus accrued interest under Back-End Notes are convertible into common stock at any time after the requisite Rule 144 holding period (subject to the condition above for the Back-End Notes), at a conversion price equal to 55% of the lowest trading bid price in the ten (10) trading days prior to the conversion.

In the event the Company redeems the initial convertible notes in full, the Company is required to pay off all principal, interest and any other amounts owing multiplied by i) 130% if prepaid within 60 days of the issuance date; ii) 140% if prepaid 60 but less than 121 days after the issuance date; and (iii) 150% if prepaid 120 but less than 180 days after the issuance date. There shall be no redemption after the 180th day. The Back-End Notes may not be prepaid, except that if the initial convertible notes are redeemed by the Company within six months of their issuance, all obligations of the Company and holders under the Back-End Notes and the Notes Receivable will be deemed satisfied and such notes shall automatically be deemed cancelled and of no further force or effect.

In the event of two specific defaults, which include the maintenance of a minimum trading price and an aggregate dollar trading volume of the Company's common shares, the holders may cancel the Back-End Notes and the related Notes Receivable and otherwise in the event of other defaults as defined in the securities purchase agreement, the amount of principal and accrued interest will become immediately due and payable and may be offset by amounts due to the Company by the holders. Additionally, the Back-End Notes will bear default interest at a rate of 24% per annum, or the highest rate of interest permitted by law.

Since the Back-End Notes are not convertible until the Notes Receivable are paid and also not for 180 days from the note dates, and the Notes Receivable and Back-End Notes have a right of setoff, the Notes Receivable and Back-End Notes and related accrued interest receivable and payable have been netted for presentation purposes on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

On February 20, 2015, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $58,000. The Company agreed to pay 12% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is July 27, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 50% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $58,000 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $12,889 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $763.

On March 12, 2015, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $104,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is December 16, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 58% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company is accreting a $75,310 put premium over 180 days from the execution of the convertible note. Through March 31, 2015, the Company has accreted $8,368 of the put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $456.

On February 15, 2015, in connection with a six-month consulting agreement, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $90,000 as compensation for services to be rendered. The Company agreed to pay 5% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is August 15, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after issuance of note at a rate of 60% of the lowest trading price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. The convertible note is treated as stock settled debt under ASC 480 and accordingly the Company fully expensed a $60,000 put premium. Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $555.

On March 12, 2015, in connection with a two-year consulting agreement, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $60,000 as compensation for services to be rendered. The Company agreed to pay 10% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is March 11, 2017. The note is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time after the effective date at the lesser of $0.0175 or 75% of the volume weighted average of the lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received. This note was bifurcated with the embedded conversion option recorded as a derivative liability at fair value (See Note 10). Accrued interest as of March 31, 2015 was $329.

The Company recorded $166,500 of debt discounts for fees paid to lenders related to the above note issuances. The debt discounts are being amortized over the term of the debt. Amortization of the debt discounts through March 31, 2015 was $43,773.

NOTE 6 – STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Preferred Stock:

The total number of preferred shares authorized and that may be issued by the Company is 10,000,000 preferred shares with a par value of $0.01. These preferred shares have no rights to dividends, profit sharing or liquidation preferences.

Of the total preferred shares authorized, pursuant to Certificate of Designation filed on December 9, 2014, 500,000 have been designated as Series A preferred stock, with a par value of $0.01 ("Series A Preferred Stock"). On December 9, 2014, the Company issued 500,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock to its CEO in consideration for services rendered to the Company, including for and as an incentive to continue to assist and provide services to the Company. The shares were valued at $0.00213 per share for a total value of $1,067 based on the average sale price per share of the 8,161,000 shares of common stock sold during the three months ended December 31, 2014.

Common Stock:

On November 12, 2014, the Company filed an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, to increase the Company's authorized common stock from one hundred million (100,000,000) shares of common stock, par value $0.001 per share, to ten billion (10,000,000,000) shares of common stock, par value $0.001 per share.

On May 9, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide services over a twelve month period in exchange for 1,000,000 shares of common stock. The Company valued the 1,000,000 shares based on the market price on the agreement date of $0.10 and will recognize $100,000 of consulting expense through the term of the agreement. On August 7, 2014 the Company issued the first 500,000 shares of this agreement. The Company has recorded $89,315 of consulting expense as of March 31, 2015 related to this agreement.

On July 2, 2014, a $139,680 convertible note was converted into shares of common stock pursuant to a conversion notice. $154,798 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0709 into 2,183,333 shares (See Note 5).

On September 11, 2014, the Company issued 7,426,000 shares of common stock as the first tranche of a settlement agreement. (See Note 7).

On October 17, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant to provide services over a six month period. The Company agreed to issue the consultant 4,000,000, 3,000,000 and 3,000,000 shares of common stock in the first, third and fifth months respectively. The Company valued the 10,000,000 shares based on the market price on the agreement date of $0.008 and is recognizing $80,000 of consulting expense through the term of the agreement. On December 4, 2014, the Company issued the first 4,000,000 shares of this agreement. The Company has recorded $72,967 of consulting expense as of March 31, 2015 related to this agreement.

On November 4, 2014, the Company issued 8,161,000 shares of common stock as the second tranche of a settlement agreement. (See Note 7).

On November 5, 2014, the Company entered into a private placement securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue up to 3,000,000 shares of its common stock at a price of $0.001 per share for an aggregate purchase price of $3,000 in gross proceeds. On December 4, 2014, the Company issued 3,000,000 shares of common stock. There are no registration rights with regards to these securities.

On December 9, 2014, pursuant to a conversion notice, $5,357 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0011 into 4,870,391 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On December 10, 2014, pursuant to a conversion notice, $7,368 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0011 into 6,698,331 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On December 11, 2014, the Company entered into a private placement securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue up to 1,000,000 shares of its common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share for an aggregate purchase price of $2,500 in gross proceeds.

On December 16, 2014, the Company entered into a private placement securities purchase agreements with accredited investors pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue up to 9,400,000 shares of its common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share for an aggregate purchase price of $23,500 in gross proceeds.

On December 16, 2014, pursuant to a conversion notice, $6,000 of principal was converted at $0.0012 into 5,194,805 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On December 24, 2014, pursuant to a conversion notice, $3,762 of principal was converted at $0.0007 into 5,700,000 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On December 26, 2014, pursuant to a conversion notice, $4,044 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0007 into 5,655,958 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On February 2, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $3,446 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0006 into 6,265,964 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On February 4, 2015, pursuant to debt settlement agreements with two directors (Note 4), the Company issued 17,654,470 and 33,259,350 shares of common stock valued at $0.0025 per share or $44,136 and $83,148, respectively.

On February 9, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $21,100 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0035 into 6,089,544 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On February 17, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $3,266 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0006 into 5,937,563 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On February 17, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $15,323 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0035 into 4,422,257 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 6, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $3,410 of principal was converted at $0.0006 into 6,200,000 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 6, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $6,443 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0015 into shares 4,338,384 of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 6, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $1,011 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0015 into 680,485 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 11, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $14,675 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0015 into 9,882,013 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 11, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $10,121 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0015 into 6,815,185 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 12, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $1,001 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0015 into 674,141 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 12, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $14,678 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0015 into 9,884,155 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 12, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $10,125 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0016 into 6,347,918 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 16, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $15,534 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0017 into 9,110,833 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 17, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $1,061 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0017 into 622,504 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 17, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $20,048 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0019 into 10,414,660 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 18, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $20,053 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0020 into 10,127,576 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 19, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $8,260 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0020 into 4,171,808 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 20, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $23,762 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0020 into 12,001,242 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

On March 23, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $42,383 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0020 into 21,405,707 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, pursuant to the January 30, 2015 Settlement and Lock-up Agreement (Note 7), the Company issued 10,000,000 shares of common stock at a rate of $0.0025 per share or $25,000.

Warrants:

As of March 31, 2015, there were 3,000,000 warrants outstanding and exercisable with expiration dates commencing September 2018. (See Note 5).

NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGIENCIES

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of the Company's operations in the normal course of business. As of March 31, 2015, there were no pending or threatened lawsuits that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the results of the Company's operations.

Operating Agreements

In November 2009, the Company entered into a commercialization agreement whereby the Company agreed to pay royalties of 2% of net revenues. Additionally, the Company agreed to pay 5% of each and every license agreement subscribed for. The contract is cancellable at any time by either party. To date, no amounts are owed under the agreement.

Operating Leases

In July 2013, the Company moved to new premises. No formal agreement has been entered regarding leasing of the new office space and no amounts have been paid, but an accrued liability at March 31, 2015 of $21,000 has been recognized in anticipation of a month to month agreement retroactive to July 1, 2013 at approximately $1,000 per month.

Rent expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were $7,710 and $8,217 respectively.

Settlement and Stipulation Agreement

In July 2014, the Company signed a term sheet and a Settlement and Stipulation Agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") with a third party purchaser (the "purchaser") to have that purchaser acquire certain portions of the Company's liabilities to creditors ("Creditors") in exchange for an obligation of the Company to issue shares of common stock to the purchaser, which shares of common stock would then be sold by the purchaser and 65% of the net proceeds, as defined in the agreement, distributed to the Creditors. The shares are to be freely traded shares issued pursuant to section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Act of 1933.

Under the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the variable quantity of common stock will be issued in tranches such that the purchaser would not own more than 9.99% of the outstanding shares of common stock at any time.

Under the above agreements, in May 2014 the Company also paid an expense fee of $25,000 in the form of a convertible promissory note. (See Note 5)

The purchaser entered into agreements through July 2014 with the Creditors to acquire $627,998 in liabilities of the Company and filed a complaint with the Second Judicial Circuit Court in Leon County, Florida seeking a judgment against the Company for such amount. A court order based on this complaint was issued on September 9, 2014, (the "court order date") resulting in the transfer of $627,998 in liabilities of the Company to the purchaser. In addition, upon entry of the order, the Company became obligated to issue the purchaser a fee of $50,000 worth of common stock priced at 75% of the average closing bid prices for the 10 days immediately preceding the date of the order. As a result of the purchased liabilities and purchaser fee, the Company became obligated to issue to the purchaser approximately $1,033,000 worth of common stock. These liabilities meet the criteria of stock settled debt under ASC 480 resulting in the recording of a liability premium of approximately $405,000 with a charge to interest expense on the court order date.

During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, the Company issued a total of 15,587,000 shares of common stock to the purchaser. As of March 31, 2015, the purchaser has sold all 15,587,000 shares of common stock which after fees, reduced the liability owed to the purchaser by $52,907. On January 30, 2015, as part of the Settlement and Lock-up agreement with the purchaser, this agreement was terminated and the Company reclassified the remaining principal outstanding debts and other liabilities of approximately $575,000. In addition, since this agreement was terminated, the Company wrote off the remaining premium of $310,000 and the fee of approximately $67,000 as a gain on debt settlement.

Equity Purchase Agreement

On July 18, 2014 the Company executed an Equity Purchase Agreement (the "agreement") with an investor (the "investor") affiliated with the above purchaser. The Company may sell (put shares) from time to time, during the commitment period discussed below, up to $5,000,000 of the Company's common stock at a sale price equal to 90% of the market price. The market price is determined during a valuation period which is the 10 trading days immediately following the clearing date (the date when the put shares are deposited into the investor's brokerage account) associated with the applicable put notice. The valuation period may change based on any valuation events occurring, as defined in the agreement. The Company's right to sell to the investor and the investor's obligation to purchase shares is subject to certain restrictions, including a floor price, as defined in the agreement. Furthermore, on each closing date the number of shares then to be purchased shall not exceed that amount that when aggregated with all other shares beneficially owned by the investor would result in the investor owning more than 9.99% of the outstanding shares of common stock.

The commitment period is the earlier of the sale of $5,000,000 worth of shares or 24 months.

On July 18, 2014, Company entered into a Registration Rights Agreement with the investor. Pursuant to the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company is obligated to file a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") with the SEC to cover the Registrable Securities within one hundred twenty (120) days of closing of an equity purchase. The Company must use its commercially reasonable efforts to cause the Registration Statement relating to the Registered Securities to become effective within five (5) business days after notice from the SEC that such Registration Statement may be declared effective, and keep the Registration Statement effective at all time prior to the termination of the Equity Purchase Agreement until the earliest of (i) date that is three months after the completion of the last Closing date (as defined in the Equity Purchase Agreement), (ii) the date when the investor may sell all Registered Securities under Rule 144 without volume limitations, or (iii) the date the investor no longer owns any of the Registered Securities (collectively, the "Registration Period").

On July 18, 2014 the Company paid a $50,000 fee to the investor in the form of a $50,000 promissory note, non-interest bearing and due January 31, 2015. On January 30, 2015, the Company entered into a Settlement and Lock-up Agreement with the investor whereby the Company issued 10,000,000 shares of common stock as settlement of the $50,000 promissory note and a $25,000 convertible promissory note issued in connection with a Settlement and Stipulation Agreement dated May 2014 and accrued interest of $1,466. The Company valued the common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share based on the last private placement purchase price per share for a total value of $25,000 which resulted in the Company recording a gain of $51,466 as a result of this settlement. (See Notes 4 and 6).

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Since inception, Propanc Health Group Corporation has conducted transactions with directors and director related entities. These transactions included the following:

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the Company owed certain directors a total of $79,769 and $161,975 respectively, for money loaned to the Company throughout the years. The loan balance owed at March 31, 2015 was not interest bearing (See Note 4).

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30 2014, the Company owed two directors a total of $35,264 and $60,350, respectively, related to expenses paid on behalf of the Company related to corporate startup costs and intellectual property (See Note 4).

On February 4, 2015, the Company entered into a Debt Settlement Agreement with some of these directors whereby the Company issued 33,259,350 and 17,654,470 shares of common stock as settlement of approximately $41,000 of the balance due to these directors. The Company valued the common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share based on the last private placement purchase price per share for a total value of $127,284 which resulted in the Company recording a loss of $86,455 as a result of these settlements.

NOTE 9 – CONCENTRATIONS AND RISKS

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash in banks and financial institutions in Australia. Bank deposits in Australian banks are uninsured. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts through March 31, 2015.

Product and Patent Concentration

As of March 31, 2015 the Company was undertaking preclinical activities for their lead product. The Company was also undertaking research to uncover the mechanism of action of their lead product in order to screen new compounds for development.

The Company previously expanded by the filing of an international PCT patent application (No. PCT/AU2010/001403) directed to enhanced proenzyme formulations and combination therapies. The international PCT application has been based on previous provisional patent applications capturing the Company's ongoing research and development in this area.

The Company received grant status in South Africa and more recently in New Zealand. In addition, the United States Patent and Trademark Office or USPTO and European Patent Office or EPO have made preliminary indications that key features of our technology are patentable. The Company is presently working towards securing a patent in each region, covering as many aspects of its technology as possible, while also actively seeking protection throughout Eastern Europe, Asia and South America. Individual countries and regions, include United States, Canada, Japan, Brazil, China, Mexico, Hong Kong, Singapore, Israel, Chile, Peru, Malaysia, Vietnam, Indonesia, Europe, Russia, India, Australia and South Korea. The patent is granted in South Africa and New Zealand.

Further provisional patent filings are also expected to be filed to capture and protect additional patentable subject matter that is identified, namely further enhanced formulations, combination treatments, use of recombinant products, modes of action and molecular targets.

Foreign Operations

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, the Company's operations are based in Australia.

NOTE 10 - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS and FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Derivative Financial Instruments:

The Company applies the provisions of ASC Topic 815-40, *Contracts in Entity's Own Equity* ("ASC Topic 815-40"), under which convertible instruments and warrants, which contain terms that protect holders from declines in the stock price (reset provisions), may not be exempt from derivative accounting treatment. As a result, warrants and embedded conversion options in convertible debt are recorded as a liability and are revalued at fair value at each reporting date. If the fair value of the warrants exceeds the face value of the related debt, the excess is recorded as change in fair value in operations on the issuance date. The Company has 3,000,000 warrants with repricing options and $85,000 of convertible debt with variable conversion pricing outstanding at March 31, 2015.

The Company calculates the estimated fair values of the liabilities for derivative instruments using the Black Scholes ("BSM") option pricing model. The closing price of the Company's common stock at March 31, 2015 was $0.015. Volatility, expected remaining term and risk free interest rates used to estimate the fair value of derivative liabilities at March 31, 2015, are indicated in the table that follows. The volatility for initial valuation was based on comparative company's methods since the Company's stock is very thinly traded and historical volatility at March 31, 2015, the expected term is equal to the remaining term of the warrants and the risk free rate is based upon rates for treasury securities with the same term.

Warrants

	Initial Valuation September 30, 2013	March 31, 2015
Volatility	53%	380%
Expected remaining term	5	3.5
Risk-free interest rate	0.4%	1.37%
Expected dividend yield	None	None

Convertible Debt

	Initial Valuations	March 31, 2015
Volatility	216 - 377%	271 - 380%
Expected remaining term	2	1.35 - 1.95
Risk-free interest rate	0.5 - 0.7%	0.56%
Expected dividend yield	None	None

Fair Value Measurements:

The Company measures and reports at fair value the liability for derivative instruments. The fair value liabilities for price adjustable warrants and embedded conversion options have been recorded as determined utilizing the BSM option pricing model. The following tables summarize the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2015:

	Balance at March 31, 2015	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Embedded conversion option liability	$ 101,384	$ —	$ —	$ 101,384
Fair value of liability for warrant derivative instruments	$ 44,966	$ —	$ —	$ 44,966
Total	$ 146,350			$ 146,350

The following is a roll forward for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 of the fair value liability of price adjustable derivative instruments:

	Fair Value of Liability for Derivative Instruments
Balance at June 30, 2014	$ 158,244
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes	(19,454)
Initial fair value of embedded conversion option derivative liability recorded as debt discount	87,500
Initial fair value of embedded conversion option derivative liability recorded as change in fair value of ECO	985,399
Change in fair value included in statements of operations	(1,065,339)
Balance at March 31, 2015	$ 146,350

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 14, 2015, pursuant to a conversion notice, $4,271 of principal and interest was converted at $0.0020 into 2,135,450 shares of common stock (See Note 5).

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The information set forth in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") contains certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, among others (i) expected changes in Propanc Health Group Corporation's (referred to herein as the "Company", or "Propanc", "we", "our", "ours" and "us") revenues and profitability, (ii) prospective business opportunities and (iii) our strategy for financing its business. Forward-looking statements are statements other than historical information or statements of current condition. Some forward-looking statements may be identified by use of terms such as "believes", "anticipates", "intends" or "expects". These forward-looking statements relate to our plans, liquidity, ability to complete financing and purchase capital expenditures, growth of our business including entering into future agreements with companies, and plans to successfully develop and obtain approval to market our product. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs.

Although we believe that our expectations with respect to the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our knowledge of our business and operations, in light of the risks and uncertainties inherent in all future projections, the inclusion of forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that our objectives or plans will be achieved.

We assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in factors or assumptions affecting forward-looking statements.

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Financial Statements and Notes attached hereto, and the other financial data appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

Our revenues and results of operations could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of numerous factors, including, but not limited to, the following: the risk of significant natural disaster, the inability of the Company to insure against certain risks, inflationary and deflationary conditions and cycles, currency exchange rates, and changing government regulations domestically and internationally affecting our products and businesses.

US Dollars are denoted herein by "USD", "$" and "dollars".

Overview

Propanc Health Group Corporation, formerly Propanc PTY Ltd., ("the Company", "we", "us", "our") was incorporated in Melbourne, Victoria Australia on October 15, 2007, and is based in Melbourne, Victoria Australia.

On November 23, 2010, Propanc Health Group Corporation was incorporated in the state of Delaware. In January 2011, Propanc Health Group Corporation acquired all of the outstanding shares of Propanc PTY Ltd. on a one-for-one basis making it a wholly-owned subsidiary.

We are a research and development company whose primary activity is to develop new treatments for chronic diseases, in particular cancer. We have generated very limited revenue, have no cancer treatment products available to market and have no products which have reached the clinical trial stage. We require substantial additional financing to develop our products.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Below we will provide a discussion of our more subjective accounting estimation processes for purposes of (i) explaining the methodology used in calculating the estimates, (ii) the inherent uncertainties pertaining to such estimates, and (iii) the possible effects of a significant variance in actual experience, from that of the estimate, on our financial condition. Estimates involve the employ of numerous assumptions that, if incorrect, could create a material adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

Foreign Currency Translation and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss): Our functional currency is the Australian dollar (AUD). For financial reporting purposes, the Australian dollar has been translated into United States dollars ($) and/or USD as the reporting currency. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange prevailing during the reporting period. Equity transactions are translated at each historical transaction date spot rate. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of stockholders' equity (deficit) as "accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)." Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the consolidated statement of operations and other comprehensive income (loss) as other income (expense).

Accounting for Stock Based Compensation: We record stock based compensation in accordance with ASC section 718, "Stock Compensation" and Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 107 (SAB 107) issued by the SEC in March 2005 regarding its interpretation of ASC 718. ASC 718 requires the fair value of all stock-based employee compensation awarded to employees to be recorded as an expense over the related requisite service period. The statement also requires the recognition of compensation expense for the fair value of any unvested stock option awards outstanding at the date of adoption. We value any employee or non-employee stock based compensation at fair value using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

We account for non-employee share-based awards in accordance with the measurement and recognition criteria of ASC 505-50 "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees".

Research and Development Tax Credits: We may apply for research and development tax concessions with the Australian Taxation Office on an annual basis. Although the amount is possible to estimate at year end, the Australian Taxation Office may reject or materially alter the claim amount. Accordingly, we don't recognize the benefit of the claim amount until cash receipt since collectability is not certain until such time. The tax concession is a refundable credit. If we have net income then we can receive the credit which reduces our income tax liability. If we have net losses then we may still receive a cash payment for the credit, however, our net operating loss carry forwards are reduced by the gross equivalent loss that would produce the credit amount when the income tax rate is applied to that gross amount. The concession is recognized as an income tax benefit, in operations, upon receipt.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Financial Accounting Standards Board, Accounting Standard Updates which are not effective until after March 31, 2015 are not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this form 10-Q. The results discussed below are of the Company and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiary, Propanc Pty Ltd.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014

Revenue

For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we generated no revenue because we are currently undertaking research and development activities for market approval and there were no sales generated in this period.

Administration Expenses

Administration expenses increased to $504,724 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with $101,626 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in professional fees of approximately $394,000 related to legal, accounting, capital raising and investor relations expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Occupancy Expenses

Occupancy expenses decreased by $323 to $2,366 for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Research and Development

Research and development was $9,475 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with $0 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Research and development expenditures have been minimal over the past twenty-four (24) months, including the last twelve (12) months, as we raise sufficient capital to undertake the next stage of development for our current programs. We continue to expend our efforts to continue creating value by completing our patent filings and publishing our scientific discoveries, and we are negotiating with third parties to assist with raising the capital needed to complete our planned research and development activities.

Interest Expense/Income

Interest expense increased to $199,287 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with interest expense of $19,901 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Interest expense is primarily comprised of approximately $60,000 premium of a convertible note, $20,000 debt discount amortization, and $113,000 accretion of debt premium.

Net Income (Loss)

Net loss increased to $454,250 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with net loss of $66,865 for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in operating expenses of approximately $412,000, an increase in interest expense of approximately $179,000, an increase in a loss in fair value of derivative liability of $101,000 and an increase in foreign currency loss of approximately $26,000 offset by an increase in gain on debt settlement of approximately $331,000.

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2014

Revenue

For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, we generated no revenue because we are currently undertaking research and development activities for market approval and there were no sales generated in this period.

Administration Expenses

Administration expenses increased to $980,637 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with $630,121 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in stock based expenses of approximately $100,000 and an increase in capital raising expenses of $126,000 and an increase in professional fees of approximately $125,000 during the nine months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

Occupancy Expenses

Occupancy expense decreased by $507 to $7,710 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

Research and Development

Research and development was $15,797 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with $0 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Research and development expenditures have been minimal over the past twenty-four (24) months, including the last twelve (12) months, as we raise sufficient capital to undertake the next stage of development for our current programs. We continue to expend our efforts to continue creating value by completing our patent filings and publishing our scientific discoveries, and we are negotiating with third parties to assist with raising the capital needed to complete our planned research and development activities.

Interest Expense/Income

Interest expense increased to $847,942 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with $42,291 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. Interest expense is primarily comprised of $355,000 premium of the liability agreement, $25,000 premium of a convertible note, $23,000 face interest, $42,000 debt discount amortization, and $318,000 accretion of debt premium.

Net Income (Loss)

Net loss increased to $1,586,167 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 as compared with $611,977 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in operating expenses of approximately $366,000, an increase in interest expense of approximately $806,000, an increase in foreign currency loss of approximately $203,000 and an increase in other expenses of approximately $50,000, offset by an increase in change in fair value of derivative liability of approximately $53,000, an increase in gain on debt settlements of approximately $366,000, and an increase in income tax benefit of approximately $31,000.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	For the Nine Months Ended March 31,			
		2015		**2014**
Net cash used in operating activities	$	(697,541)	$	(137,667)
Net cash used in investing activities	$	(918)	$	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	$	684,500	$	136,745

Net cash used in operations was $697,541 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to $137,667 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. This increase was primarily attributable to an increase in net loss offset by an increase in loss on settlement.

Net cash used in investing activities was $918 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 compared to $0 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. This increase was primarily attributable to the purchase of equipment during the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 were $684,500 compared to $136,745 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014. During the nine months ended March 31, 2015, we had proceeds from convertible promissory notes of $675,500 and proceeds from issuance of common stock for cash of $29,000 offset by loan repayments to principal stockholder of $20,000.

We have substantial capital resource requirements and have incurred significant losses since inception. As of March 31, 2015, we had $168,348 in cash. Based upon our current business plans, we will need considerable cash investments to be successful. Such capital requirements are in excess of what we have in available cash and what we currently have commitment for. Therefore, we do not have enough available cash to meet our obligations over the next twelve (12) months.

Related Party Transactions

Since inception, we have conducted transactions with directors and director related entities. These transactions included the following:

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we owed certain directors a total of $79,769 and $161,975 respectively, for money loaned to us in prior years.

As of March 31, 2015 and June 30, 2014, we owed two directors a total of $35,264 and $60,350, respectively, related to expenses paid on our behalf related to corporate startup costs and intellectual property.

On February 4, 2015, we entered into a Debt Settlement Agreement with some of these directors whereby we issued 33,259,350 and 17,654,470 shares of common stock as settlement of approximately $41,000 of the balance due to these directors. We valued the common stock at a price of $0.0025 per share based on the last private placement purchase price per share for a total value of $127,284 which resulted in us recording a loss of $86,455 as a result of these settlements.

Going Concern Qualification

We have incurred significant losses and cash used in operations, and such losses and use of cash are expected to continue. Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm has included a "Going Concern Qualification" in their report for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. In addition, we have negative working capital. The foregoing raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans include seeking additional capital or debt financing. There is no guarantee that additional capital or debt financing will be available when and to the extent required, or that if available, it will be on terms acceptable to us. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The "Going Concern Qualification" might make it substantially more difficult to raise capital.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

With the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Accounting Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based upon such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer has concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective due to the material weakness noted below, in ensuring that (i) information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Material weakness: due to the small size of its staff, the Company did not have sufficient segregation of duties to support its internal control over financial reporting. We plan to rectify this weakness by hiring additional accounting personnel once we have the necessary resources to do so.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2015, that have materially affected, or are reasonable likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We know of no material pending legal proceedings to which our company or our subsidiary is a party or of which any of our properties, or the properties of our subsidiary, is the subject. In addition, we do not know of any such proceedings contemplated by any governmental authorities.

We know of no material proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial stockholder is a party adverse to our company or our subsidiary or has a material interest adverse to our company or our subsidiary.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information required by this item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company issued 60,913,820 shares of common stock as shares issued as part of debt settlement agreements.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, pursuant to conversion notices, the Company issued 141,091,939 shares of common stock.

Convertible Promissory Notes

On January 26, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $28,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is October 28, 2015. The note is convertible into company’s common stock at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 58% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company’s common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On January 27, 2015, the Company received payment of certain note receivable of $50,000 that offsets certain back-end note that was issued on May 30, 2014. Proceeds from the note receivable of $7,779, $2,500 and $5,000 were paid directly to the stock transfer agent, legal fees and capital raising fees respectively resulting in net cash proceeds of $34,721 received by the Company. This back-end note is related to the initial convertible note that was issued on May 30, 2014 and has the same terms as previously discussed. As a result, the back-end note is now eligible for conversion into company’s common stock at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company’s common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On February 10, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $45,000 with an original issue discount of $7,500. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is February 10, 2016. The note is convertible into common stock at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company’s common stock for the ten prior trading days prior to the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On February 17, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $45,000 with an original issue discount of $7,500. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is February 17, 2016. The note is convertible into Company’s common stock at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company’s common stock for the ten prior trading days prior to the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On March 12, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $170,500 with an original issue discount of $13,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is March 12, 2016. The note is convertible into Company’s common stock at the option of the holder at any time at a rate of 55% of the Company’s common stock for the average of the lowest three trading prices in the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On March 20, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $150,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is March 20, 2016. The note is convertible into Company's common stock at the option of the holder at any time at a rate of 55% of the lowest trading bid price of the Company's common stock for the average of the lowest three trading priced in the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

In addition to each of the above initial convertible promissory notes ("initial convertible notes"), the Company issued to each investor another convertible promissory note for the same amounts of $45,000, $45,000, $170,500 and $150,000 termed "Back-End Notes". These notes have the same terms as the initial convertible notes. Each Back-End Note shall initially be paid for by an offsetting promissory note issued to the Company by the investors ("Note Receivable") provided that prior to the conversion of the Back-End Notes, the holders must have paid off the Notes Receivable in cash. Each Note Receivable is due eight months from issuance of each initial convertible note, unless the Company does not meet the "current public information" requirement pursuant to Rule 144, in which case both the Back-End Notes and the Notes Receivable may both be cancelled. Each Note Receivable is initially secured by the pledge of the Back-End Notes, but may be exchanged for other collateral with an appraised value of at least the principal amount of the note less the original issue discount, upon Company's approval following a three (3) day written notice to the Company. The term of the Notes Receivable and the Back-End Notes are one year, upon which the outstanding principal and interest is payable. The amounts funded plus accrued interest under Back-End Notes are convertible into common stock at any time after the requisite Rule 144 holding period (subject to the condition above for the Back-End Notes), at a conversion price equal to 55% of the lowest trading bid price in the ten (10) trading days prior to the conversion.

On February 20, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $58,000. The Company agreed to pay 12% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is July 27, 2015. The note is convertible into Company's common stock at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 50% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.
On March 12, 2015, the Company entered into certain securities purchase agreement with an accredited investor and issued a convertible promissory note for $104,000. The Company agreed to pay 8% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is December 16, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after 180 days at a rate of 58% of the average lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On February 15, 2015, in connection with a six-month consulting agreement, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $90,000 as compensation for services to be rendered. The Company agreed to pay 5% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is August 15, 2015. The note is convertible at the option of the holder at any time after issuance of note at a rate of 60% of the lowest trading price of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

On March 12, 2015, in connection with a two-year consulting agreement, the Company issued a convertible promissory note for $60,000 as compensation for services to be rendered. The Company agreed to pay 10% interest per annum on the principal amount and the maturity date is March 11, 2017. The note is convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time after the effective date at the lesser of $0.0175 or 75% of the volume weighted average of the lowest three trading closing bid prices of the Company's common stock for the ten prior trading days including the date upon which the conversion notice was received.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
4.1	8% Convertible Promissory Note issued to KBM by the dated January 26, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.2	8% Convertible Redeemable Note issued to Union by the Company dated February 10, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.3	8% Convertible Redeemable Back End Note issued to Union by the Company dated February 10, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.4	8% Collateralized Secured Promissory Note Back End Note issued to the Company by Union dated February 10, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.5	% Convertible Redeemable Note issued to Union by the Company dated February 17, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.6	8% Convertible Redeemable Back End Note issued to Union by the Company dated February 17, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.6 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.7	8% Collateralized Secured Promissory note Back End Note issued to the Company by Union dated February 17, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.8	8% Convertible Redeemable Note issued to Union by the Company dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.9	8% Convertible Redeemable Back End Note issued to Union by the Company dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.9 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.10	8% Collateralized Secured Promissory note Back End Note issued to the Company by Union dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.10 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.11	8% Convertible Redeemable Note issued to Union by the Company dated March 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.11 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.12	8% Convertible Redeemable Back End Note issued to Union by the Company dated March 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.12 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.13	8% Collateralized Secured Promissory note Back End Note issued to the Company by Union dated March 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.13 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.14	Replacement 8% Convertible Redeemable Note issued to Union by the Company dated March 4, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.14 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.15	12% Convertible Promissory Note issued to Carebourn by the Company dated February 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.15 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.16	8% Convertible Promissory Note issued to KBM by the dated January 26, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.16 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
4.17	5% Convertible Note issued to Regal by the Company dated February 15, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.17 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)

4.18	8% Convertible Note issued to Vis Vires by the Company dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.18 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.1	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and KBM dated January 26, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.2	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and Union dated February 10, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.3	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and Union dated February 17, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.4	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and Union dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.5	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and Union dated March 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.6	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and Carebourn dated February 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.7	Securities Purchase Agreement between the Company and Vis Vires dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.8	Consulting Agreement between the Company and Regal dated February 15, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
10.9	Consulting Agreement between the Company and Circadian dated March 12, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 13, 2015)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2+	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2+	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document

+ In accordance with the SEC Release 33-8238, deemed being furnished and not filed.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

	PROPANC HEALTH GROUP CORPORATION	
Date: May 15, 2015	By:	*/s/ James Nathanielsz*
	Name:	James Nathanielsz
	Title:	Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION
OF PRESIDENT, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James Nathanielsz, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Propanc Health Group Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrants' other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2015

/s/ James Nathanielsz
James Nathanielsz
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION
OF PRESIDENT, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, James Nathanielsz, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Propanc Health Group Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrants' other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2015

/s/ James Nathanielsz
James Nathanielsz
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT 32.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officer of Propanc Health Group Corporation (the “Company”), does hereby certify, to such officer’s knowledge, that:

The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 (the “Form 10-Q”) of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in the Form 10-Q.

Date: May 15, 2015

/s/ James Nathanielsz
James Nathanielsz
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished as an exhibit to the Form 10-Q pursuant to Item 601(b)(32) of Regulation S-K and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code) and, accordingly, is not being filed as part of the Form 10-Q for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

EXHIBIT 32.2

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officer of Propanc Health Group Corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 (the "Form 10-Q") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in the Form 10-Q.

Date: May 15, 2015

/s/ James Nathanielsz
James Nathanielsz
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished as an exhibit to the Form 10-Q pursuant to Item 601(b)(32) of Regulation S-K and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code) and, accordingly, is not being filed as part of the Form 10-Q for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.